



FACULTY OF ADMINISTRATION SCIENCE AND POLICY STUDIES

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**THE IMPACT OF BR1M TOWARDS THE FARMERS IN
ASAJAYA SAMARAHAN DISTRICT**

RESEARCHERS:

**NUR NABILLA KHAIRUNNISA BT ABDULLAH
(2011143953)**

**SITI RUHAYU BT MAN@BUSMAN
(2011363503)**

SUPERVISOR

MDM NOOR FADHLEEN BT MAHMUD

SEPTEMBER 2013

Table of Contents

Clearance for submission

Acknowledgement

Declaration

Table of Content

List of Tables

Chapter 1: Introduction

1.1	Introduction	1
1.2	Problem Statement	7
1.3	Research Objectives	9
	1.3.1 Research Question	
1.4	Scope of study	10
1.5	Significance of study	12

Chapter 2: Literature Review and Conceptual Framework

2.1	Literature review	13
2.2	Conceptual Framework	21

Chapter 3: Research Methodology

3.1	Research Method	22
3.2	Research Design	22
3.3	Sampling Plan	24

CHAPTER 1

1.1 Introduction

During the previous Budget 2012 presentation, Malaysian Government has announced to reveal a one-off cash payment of RM500 to households with income less than RM3, 000 per month. This aid is one of the several initiatives carried out by the Barisan Nasional government to improve the burden of low-income earners in facing the rising cost of living. For some people, the RM500 aid will bring about major changes. The aid was under *Bantuan Rakyat 1Malaysia* or also known as BR1M. This is one of the various initiatives taken by the government to lessen the burden of those with low income in facing the rising cost of living. In reference to the Barisan Nasional website, the requirements for an eligible household include.

An eligible household refers to a man or woman who holds lead responsibility for all those living in the household. This includes individuals who are, married including married children living with parents, Single mothers or fathers with dependents, Single individuals, bachelor, divorcee, single mother, with dependents and Senior citizens without commodity.

Recipients of assistance under Jabatan Kemajuan Masyarakat are also eligible for the Bantuan Rakyat 1Malaysia. Besides that, also automatically eligible for 1Malaysia People's Aid (BR1M) are the registrants of the e-Kasih programme. The total number of 5.2 million households earning less than RM3000 a month will get the RM500 assistance.

The *1Malaysia People's Aid (BRIM)* was first given under Budget 2012, concerning payment of RM500 to households earning less than RM3, 000 each

CHAPTER 2

2.1 Literature review

This research is about the impact of BR1M towards the farmers in the Asajaya District. This is one of the various initiatives taken by the government to lessen the burden of those people with the low income in facing the rising cost of living. In reference to the Barisan Nasional website, the requirements for an eligible household include: An eligible household refers to a man or woman who holds lead responsibility for all those living in the household. This study will help us to identify what can the people in that area do towards the incentives of RM 500 and in what way was the incentives of RM 500 can improve the cost of living of the people. As to relate to the study, we applied the social safety net in Malaysia as a case study of BR1M.

In Southeast Asia, the issue of "social safety nets" (SSNs) has emerged more prominently since the financial crisis. Despite the increased interest in social safety nets, there is still considerable conclusion among scholars and national and international organizations regarding the use and meaning of the term. They were initially formulated to serve three goals which is poverty alleviation, to make adjustment programs more politically acceptable and institutional reform. The term social safety nets is an institutions in connection with structural adjustment programs related to their lending programs which is developing the countries to mitigate the social impact of structural adjustment measures on specific low income groups (Woods, B. 2008).

CHAPTER 3

3.1 Research Method

This section discusses the methodology of the research. The first purpose of this research is to highlight the correlation between gender and their perception towards government sincere incentive in this *BR1M* programmed. Our second purpose is to highlight the correlation between gender and their perception towards political motives in this *BR1M* programmed.

3.2 Research Design

Research design is where the research question is being turning into a testing project. The research design in this study will be mostly depending on the research questions. Besides that, from the research design, we may see the various type of the impact that we may see after the research are being carried on. The information that we get from the people in Asajaya area is from the survey through the questionnaire that being distribute.

The purpose of this research design is to analyze the effectiveness of *BR1M* towards the low income family in Asajaya area. This study could help us to examine the feedback from the people's living in that area whereby from the help of the people's answer which will be analyze by us according to the question that related to the topic that we have gave to them. All the information that we need are being collected from the responses of the people with the low income level by giving them questionnaire that we will distribute to them for the purpose to gain information of the