### DETERMINANTS OF ECONOMIC GROWTH IN MALAYSIA

# NURRASMAH BINTI RASDI 2012812718

### SUBMITTED IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE

### **REQUIREMENT FOR THE**

## BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION

## WITH HONOUR (BUSINESS ECONOMICS)

JANUARY 2016

### Acknowledgement

Alhamdulillah, praises to Allah the Al-Mighty for the strength, knowledge and blessing granted to me in the effort of putting this ideas for this thesis. First of all, I would like to express my appreciation and gratitude to my supportive and dedicated advisor, Madam Sumaffiatiee Sulong for her guidance and knowledge to help me in doing my thesis. I believe without comment and guidance from her, I would stray from this path of researcher.

Next, my appreciation goes to my beloved parents and also my sibling that help me in this thesis by contributing money, advice and help me to go further in studies. Not to forget my appreciation to my classmate and friends in assist me in difficult situation I encountered in making this thesis a success. It is my pleasure to mention some of them which are Alcie Matulis, Helnny Justine and Donnadebra. Lastly, spe cial thanks to staff of Sabah Credit Corporation for the cooperation by letting me to do my thesis and give me a leave from practical.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

	CONTENT	PAGE
RESEARCHER TITLE		
DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK		
LETTER OF SUBMISSION		
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS		
TABLE OF CON	TENTS	v
LIST OF TABLE		vi
ABSTRACT		vii
CHAPTER 1	: INTRODUCTION	
1.0	: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	: BACKGROUND OF STUDY	1-3
1.2	: PROBLEM STATEMENT	4
1.3	: RESEARCH OBJECTIVES	4
1.4	: SIGNIFICANT OF STUDY	4-5
1.5	: LIMITATION OF STUDY	5-6
CHAPTER 2	: LITERATURE REVIEW AND CONCEPTUAL	
	FRAMEWORK	
2.0	: LITERATURE REVIEW	7-9
2.1	: CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK	9-11
CHAPTER 3	: DATA AND METHODOLOGY	
3.0	: INTRODUCTION	12

3.1	: DATA	12
3.2	: MEASUREMENT OF VARIABLES	12
3.3	: EMPIRICAL MODEL	13-14
3.4	: RESEARCH DESIGN	15
3.5	: DATA ANALYSIS	15
	3.5.1 : ORDINARY LEAST SQUARE (OLS)	15-16
	3.5.2 : CORRELATION TEST	16
	3.5.3 : HYPOTHESIS TESTING	16-17
3.6	: STATISTICAL SOFTWARE	17
3.7	: HYPOTHESIS DEVELOPMENT	17-18

CHAPTER 4	: FINDINGS AND RESULTS	
4.0	: FINDINGS AND ANALYSIS	19
4.1	: ANALYSIS	19
	4.1.1 : DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS	19
	4.1.2 : DESCRIPTIVE ANALYSIS MEANING	20
	4.1.3 : ORDINARY LEAST SQUARE (OLS)	20
	4.1.3.1 : OLS TABLE	21-22
	4.1.3.2 : DURBIN-WATSON TEST	23
	4.1.4 : COEFFICIENT CORRELATION	23
	4.1.5 : AUTOCORRELATION	24
	4.1.6 : HETEROKEDASTICITY	24
	4.1.7 : NORMALITY TEST	25
	4.1.8 : GRANGER CAUSALITY TEST	26
	4.1.9 : JOHANSEN CO-INTEGRATION TEST	26-27

## **CHAPTER 1**

#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

The study will discuss about background of the study that been carried out of this research by exploring the factors of economic growth in Malaysia. Graphically analysis also carried out in order to see the evolution of the variable using time series data. From background of the study, will be highlighted several issue to construct the problem statement. After formulating problem statement, the research objectives will be laid down and scope and limitation will be testing on.

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND OF STUDY

The topic that researcher will cover in this study is the factors of economic growth in Malaysia which include export and inflation as independent variables.

Economic growth can be defined as the development of the economy activities that happens to a country which will lead to an increase in real GDP whereby it is one of the measurements in economic growth. Growth can be described as a process of transformation whether it is examined the economy that is already modern and industrialized or still at an early stage of development. Thus, the GDP growth may experiences some volatility in value. Malaysia is a middle-income country which has transformed itself since the year of 1970 from based-agriculture producer to an emerging multi-sector economy. Malaysia is attempting to achieve high-income status by 2020 and to move farther up the value-added production chain by attracting investments in Islamic finance, high technology industries and services. With the implementation of Economic Transformation Program, the country's economic growth can be accelerate