

## UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

CBE451: BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLIC REGULATION

Course Name (English)	BIOCHEMISTRY AND METABOLIC REGULATION APPROVED				
Course Code	CBE451				
MQF Credit	3				
Course Description	The course impact fundamental knowledge need for bioprocess engineering terms in chemical aspects of life from molecular po of view. The course provides the necessary knowledge of the structure, properties and metabolic regulation of Biomolecules viz Amino acids, Proteins, Carbohydrate, Fatty acids, Lipids, Nucleotides, Nucleic acids. It includes cell transport, energetics, membrane structure, DNA replication, Transcription, Translation, Regulation of gene expression and signal transduction.				
Transferable Skills	Softskills, active learning, critical thinking, problem solving, teamwork				
Teaching Methodologies	Lectures, Blended Learning, Presentation				
CLO	<ul> <li>CLO1 Recognize and explain the basic structure of biomolecules in relation to their functional groups.</li> <li>CLO2 Differentiate the synthesis mechanisms of large biomolecules such as proteins, lipids and nucleid acids.</li> <li>CLO3 Predict various metabolic pathways including glycolysis and TCA cycle and explain how they are regulated in the cells.</li> </ul>				
Pre-Requisite Courses	No course recommendations				
Topics					
<ul> <li>1.2) Biomolecules and their of</li> <li>1.3) Protein structure, folding</li> <li>1.4) Biological membranes; 1</li> <li>1.5) Nucleotides and Nucleio</li> <li>1.6) Thermodynamics of Biol</li> </ul>	nponents of Cells ucture and function of biomolecules: Carbohydrates, Lipids, Proteins and Nucleic. sonformation; Ramachandran map; Weak inter-molecular interactions in biomacromolecules; a and function: Myoglobin, Hemoglobin, Lysozyme, Ribonuclease A, Carboxypeptidase and Chymotrypsin. Transport across membranes and pumps; Signal transduction; hormones and neurotransmitters. : Acidis: Structure and chemistry of nitrogeneous bases, nucleotides, and classes of nucleic acids. logical Systems: Basic concepts of thermodynamics, effect of concentration on net free energy changes, effect of pH on standard-state retween thermodynamic parameters and biochemical events.				
Bioenergetics.	nics I nature of enzymes; Kinetics of single substrate and bi-substrate enzyme catalysed reactions; inhibition of enzyme activity; ng its regulation and inhibition, and Coenzymes.				
<ol><li>4.1) DNA replication, transcri</li></ol>	<ul> <li>- Information Transfer         iption and translation; Biochemical regulation of gene expression,             nology and applications; PCR, site directed mutagenesis and DNA-microarray.     </li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>4.2) Recombinant DNA techn</li> <li>5. Chapter 5 Techniques</li> <li>5.1) Biochemical and biophysical and biophysical</li></ul>	iption and translation; Biochemical regulation of gene expression.				

Assessment Breakdown	%					
Continuous Assessment	40.00%					
Final Assessment	60.00%					
Details of Continuous						
Assessment	Assessment Type	Assessment Description	% of Total Mark	CLO		
	Assignment	n/a	20%	CLO1 , CLO2 , CLO3 , CLO		
	Test	n/a	20%	CLO1, CLO2, CLO3		
Reading List	Reference Book Resources McKee, T.M. And McKee, J.R. 2003, Biochemistry. The Molecular Basis of Life, 3 Ed., McGraw Hill					
Article/Paper List	Recommended Article/Paper Resources       Jürgen G. Schmidt, Peter E. Nielsen1 and Leslie E. Orgel* 1997, Information transfer from peptide nucleic acids to RNA by template-directed syntheses, Nucleid Acid Research, Vol 23 issue 23, 47974 <u>http://doi:10.1093/nar/25.23.4797</u> D. SIEVERS & G. VON KIEDROWSKI* 1994, Self-replication of complementary nucleotide-based oligomers, Letters To Nature, vol 369, 22122 [ISSN: doi:10.10] <u>http://www.nature.com/nature/journal/v369/n6477/abs/369221a0.html</u>					
Other References	This Course does not have any other resources					