EFFECT OF ULTRASONIC ON REMOVAL OF TOTAL SULFUR BY CO-SOLVENT OF HYDROGEN PEROXIDE: ACETIC ACID (PAA) SOLUTION

ADHWA NADIA BINTI NOR SAIDI

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (Hons.) APPLIED CHEMISTRY FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

FEBRUARY 2023

EFFECT OF ULTRASONIC ON REMOVAL OF TOTAL SULFUR BY CO-SOLVENT OF HYDROGEN PEROXIDE: ACETIC ACID (PAA) SOLUTION

ADHWA NADIA BINTI NOR SAIDI

Final Year Project Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) in the Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA

FEBRUARY 2023

This Final Year Project Report entitled "Effect Ultrasonic on Removal of Total Sulfur In Coal By Co-Solvent Of Hydrogen Peroxide: Acetic Acid (PAA) Solution" was submitted by Adhwa Nadia binti Nor Saidi in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Chemistry in the Faculty of Applied Science and was approved by

Mohd Fauzi Bin Abdullah
Supervisor
B. Sc. (Hons.) Applied Chemistry
Faculty of Applied Sciences
Universiti Teknologi MARA
02600 Arau
Perlis

Dr.Nurlia Binti Ali Coordinator B.Sc. (Hons.) Applied Chemistry Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA 02600 Arau Perlis

Dr Zuliahani Binti Ahmad Head of Programme B. Sc. (Hons.) Applied Chemistry Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA 02600 Arau Perlis

Date: 27 January 2023

ABSTRACT

EFFECT OF ULTRASONIC ON REMOVAL OF TOTAL SULFUR IN COAL BY CO-SOLVENT OF HYDROGEN PEROXIDE: ACETIC ACID (PAA) SOLUTION

The fossilized plant material known as coal, which ranges in colour from dark brown to black and resembles graphite, has historically played a significant role in energy production. However, sulfur is one of the main pollutants present in coal, which contributes to air pollution. This study addressed the removal of total sulfur from coal by combining ultrasonic digestion and acid leaching processes to improve the desulfurization rate. Coal samples were treated with hydrogen peroxide and acetic acid in different ratios (80:20, 40:60, 60:40, and 20:80) under ultrasonic digestion at different times (10, 20, and 30 minutes). The effects of reaction time and chemical concentration were determined. The total sulfur removal was supported by the FTIR spectrum, which showed a decrease in bands between the raw coal and the treated coal sample. It was found that the coal treated with a higher acetic acid content removed more sulfur compared to that treated with a higher hydrogen peroxide content. The highest percentage of total sulfur removal is 61.91% at a ratio of 20:80 under 30 minutes of sonication. The total sulfur removal depending on the ratio concentration of co-solvent and sonication reaction time.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ABSTRACT	i ii 3 6 7
ABSTRAK	
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	
LIST OF TABLES	
LIST OF FIGURES	
LIST OF SYMBOLS	8
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	9
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of study	1
1.2 Problem Statement	1
1.3 Significant of study	1
1.4 Objectives of study	1
1.5 Scope and limitation of the study	2
CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	4
2.1 Sulfur in coal	4
2.2 Desulfurization of coal	5
2.3 Types of chemicals used for desulfurization.	7
2.3.1 Pre-treatment of coal with Peroxyacetic acid (PAA)	7
 2.3.2 Pre-treatment with ultrasonic digestion system 2.3.3 Desulfurization by chemical treatment with ultrasonic-digestion system 	8
2.4 Factor affecting the desulfurization of coal.	11
2.4.1 Effect of reaction time on desulfurization	11
2.4.2 Effect of chemical concentration	12
CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY	15
3.1 Raw Materials	15