MULTI POPULATION TRADITIONAL EVOLUTIONARY PROGRAMMING APPROACH FOR DISTRIBUTED GENERATION

MOHD NAZMI BIN ADNAN

FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA MALAYSIA

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MOHD NAZMI BIN ADNAN
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
Universiti Teknologi MARA
40450 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia

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ABSTRACT

This thesis presents, the study involves in the development of multi population Evolutionary Programming for Distributed Generation (DG) installation in distribution systems. While installing the DG into the system, improve on the voltage profile and reduction of power loss based on the optimal location and sizing of DG. Generally, DG is defined as a small-scale electricity generation which the electricity is generated in large power stations to achieve cost reduction. The power stations are commonly located where the source of energy is easily obtainable, whereby the DG installation can have a significant impact on the power flow analysis in term of power losses minimization. The algorithm is applied on IEEE 30 buses radial distribution systems for performance evaluation. The results indicated that, the DGs are located at their optimal locations and sizes by depending on the minimal losses and improve the voltage profile at various type of DG technology used in the distribution network.

Index Terms— Multi Population Evolutionary Programming, Migration, Optimal location and sizing, 30-Bus IEEE Distribution System.

Contents

DECLA	ARATION	1
ACKNO	OWLEGMENT	Il
ABSTRACT		II
СНАРТ	TER 1	1
INTRODUCTION		1
1.1	BACKGROUND OF STUDY	
1.2	PROBLEM STATEMENTS	3
1.3	SIGNIFICANT OF THE STUDY	3
1.4	OBJECTIVE	4
1.5	SCOPE OF STUDY	4
1.6	OVERVIEW OF THE THESIS	5
СНАРТ	ER 2	6
LITERA	ATURE REVIEW	6
2.1	INTRODUCTION	6
2.2	DISTRIBUTED GENERATION	6
2.3	VOLTAGE CONTROL	9
2.3	LOCATION AND SIZE OF DISTRIBUTED GENERATION	11
2.3	Studies on real power, P and reactive power, Q	11
2.3	.2 Algorithm Technique	14
CHAPTER 3		17
METHODOLOGY		17
3.1	INTRODUCTION	17
3.2	RESEARCH FRAMEWORKS	18
3.3	POWER FLOW ANALYSIS	19
3.4	DATA PREPARATION	21
3.5	NEWTON RAPHSON METHOD	22
3.6	REACTIVE POWER PLANNING (RPP)	24
3.7	EVOLUTIONARY PROGRAMMING (EP)	25