

COMPUTER-BASED SHORT-TERM HYDROTHERMAL GENERATION SCHEDULING

This project report is presented in partial fulfillment for the award of the

Bachelor in Electrical Engineering (Hons.)

Of

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)



SUHAIMI BIN ISHAK
B. ENG (Hons.) ELECTRICAL
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)
40450, Shah Alam, Selangor Darul Ehsan
Malaysia

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

BISMILLAHIRAHMANIRAHIM. In the name of ALLAH S.W.T, the Most Gracious, the Ever Merciful. Praise to ALLAH S.W.T, Lord of the Universe and Peace and Prayers be upon His final Prophet Muhammad s.a.w and Messenger. I would like to take this opportunity to sincerely to express my highest appreciation to my project supervisor Assoc. Prof. Dr. Hjh Zuhaina Bte Hj Zakaria for her ideas, suggestion, advices and guidance until the completion of this project.

I would like to extend my thanks and grateful to all those who have assisted in this work through supplying the information, providing the application software and technical assistance. I express my deepest thanks to my family for their moral support and encouragement; my friends who have contribute information, suggestion, time and effort directly or indirectly in this progression of this project. Honestly I am grateful for all the support and favors, thank you and may ALLAH S.W.T bless you all.

*Suhaimi Bin Ishak
Faculty of Electrical Engineering,
Universiti Teknologi MARA (UiTM),
40450 Shah Alam,
SELANGOR DARUL EHSAN*

ABSTRACT

In this paper, a solution of a short term hydrothermal scheduling is presented by using Computer-Based and software MATLAB. The technique is used to handle the problems of short-term hydrothermal scheduling and economic load dispatch while satisfying and thermal constraints in order to minimize the total system cost. This technique is tested on a system consisting of a hydro plant and a thermal plant and the outputs are obtained by using the λ - γ iteration. While designing a programming for the hydrothermal scheduling not only using an academic knowledge, but need also other additional knowledge that need to be learn through a traditional method. There are much others additional empirical knowledge that is still missing in the academic knowledge instructions. Therefore, a traditional method and simulation need to be done to learn about the additional knowledge, so that all the procedure can be completed. This paper focuses on the process of aim to provide the basics analytical techniques in order to determine the economic operation schedule of the conventional energy generating plants along with illustrations and discussions.

Keywords - Hydrothermal scheduling, Computer Approach, Power Generation, Hydrothermal Unit Commitment, Matlab Programming

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECLARATION	iii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	iv
ABSTRACT	v
TABLE OF CONTENTS	vi
LIST OF FIGURES	viii
LIST OF TABLES	ix
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	x
CHAPTER 1 – INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.2 OBJECTIVES	3
1.3 SCOPE OF WORK	4
1.4 THESIS OVERVIEW	5
CHAPTER 2 - HYDROTHERMAL GENERATION SCHEDULING	6
2.1 INTRODUCTION	6
2.2 HYDRO-PLANT	7
2.2.1 Advantages of Hydro Plant	8
2.2.1.1 Economics	
2.2.1.2 Greenhouse gas emissions	
2.2.1.3 Related activities	
2.2.2 Disadvantages of Hydro Plant	9
2.2.2.1 Population relocation	
2.2.2.2 Environmental damage	
2.3 THERMAL-PLANT	11
2.3.1 Classification	13
2.3.1.1 By fuel	
2.3.1.2 By prime mover	
2.3.2 Cooling towers	14
2.4 HYDROTHERMAL PLANT	15
2.5 λ - γ ITERATION	18
CHAPTER 3 – METHODOLOGY	19
3.1 INTRODUCTION	19
3.2 METHODOLOGY	19
CHAPTER 4 - RESULT AND DISCUSSION	29
4.1 INTRODUCTION	29
4.2 ONE LOAD DEMAND	30
4.3 TWO LOAD DEMAND	33
4.3 FOUR LOAD DEMAND	36

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

Nowadays in power systems, the efficient scheduling of available energy sources for satisfying load demand has become an important task. The short term hydrothermal scheduling is one day to one week involves the hour by hour scheduling of all generation on a certain system. The generating scheduling problems consists of determining the optimal operation, subject to variety of constraint [1].

The aims of this project is to develop a program that can calculate the optimal operation of scheduling thermal units and hydro plants that minimizes total thermal production cost while considering various local and coupling constraints in order to meet the forecasted demand. Since the operation of a power system is characterized by having to maintain a high degree of economical and reliability [2], the hydrothermal scheduling plays an important role in power system operation planning. Hydrothermal scheduling is mainly concerned with hydro units scheduling and thermal units dispatching, and is more complex than the scheduling of an all-thermal generation system [3].

It is dominantly thermal unit power system, hydro units are usually scheduled for peak load periods as they are less expensive and can be started up and shut down more efficiently. The scheduling of hydrothermal units in power system is one of the most important problems to be solved when hydroelectric