

DESIGN OF EXTERNAL LIGHTING PROTECTION SYSTEM FOR SULTAN ABDUL AZIZ SHAH (SAAS) TOWER

MOHD RAMZI BIN AHMAD

FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

40450 SHAH ALAM, SELANGOR

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In the name of Allah s.w.t, The Most Beneficent, The Most Merciful. It is with deepest sense of gratitude of the Allah s.w.t who gives me the strength and ability to complete this project and thesis as it is today.

I take special pleasure in this opportunity to thank the many people who have helped me to complete this thesis. First, I would like to express my gratitude to my project supervisor, **Prof. Madya Ir. Zulkefli Bin Yaacob** for his continuous guidance and invaluable advice in giving the ideas and assistance to me to complete this project. He was actively associated with me and was a source of constant inspiration throughout the completion of this project.

In addition, I would like to acknowledge my parents' support, encouragement and care. If not for their sacrifice and understanding, I would not be able to pursue this degree wholeheartedly.

Last but not least, I would like to thank all those who are involved directly or indirectly in helping me to complete this research.

Mohd Ramzi Bin Ahmad Faculty of Electrical Engineering Universiti Teknologi Mara Shah Alam.

NOVEMBER 2009

÷÷

İİ

ABSTRACT

Recently, Universiti Teknologi Mara (UiTM) has changed new external lightning protection system (LPS) of Menara Sultan Abdul Aziz Shah (SAAS). This new design based on Collection Volume Method (CVM). The new method believed to be providing more effective protection against lightning than before. However, these were apparently ignored by the scientific community as the CVM was considered to be a method that was proposed by a manufacturer for its own use, and hence was considered inconsequential. The aim of this paper is to design an external LPS for Menara SAAS. The design was based on the lightning protection international standard (IEC 62305) which was accepted by scientific community.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DECLARATION	i
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv
LIST OF FIGURES	vii
LIST OF TABLES	x

CHAPTER 1 – INTRODUCTION

1.0 Introduction		1
1.1 Objectives of the Study		4
1.2 Facility Background		5
1.3 Scope of Work	14	8
1.4 Thesis Outline		10

CHAPTER 2 – LITERATURE REVIEW

2.0 Introduction	11
2.1 Class of LPS	11
2.2 Air Termination System Design	12
2.2.1 Principles of Positioning of Air Termination System.	14
2.2.1.1 Protection Angle Method for Air Termination System Design.	16
2.2.1.2 Rolling Sphere Method for Air Termination System Design.	18
2.2.1.3 Mesh Method for Air Termination System Design.	23
2.3 Down Conductor System Design	25
2.4 Earth Termination System Design	27
2.4.1 Earthing arrangement in general conditions	28
2.4.1.1 Type A arrangement of Earth Electrode.	28

at the second se

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.0 Introduction

The very impressive natural phenomenon of lightning has been considered from the oldest times of humanity as a sign of power and as an instrument of punishment in the hand of the gods. The ancient Greeks imagined Zeus the ruler of the gods in Olympus as being the master of lightning which he could use as a symbol of his supremacy. Similar stories can be found in the mythology of almost all cultures. [4]

Lightning is a natural phenomenon that may cause dangerous currents and voltages. For many centuries, lightning has been a danger during thunderstorms for people, building and damage to equipment. Thousands of people are killed every year by lightning. The damage caused by both direct and indirect lightning stroke. Every year, the damage may reach billions of ringgit.

For power engineers, the mechanism of the lightning flash and the characteristics of electromagnetic fields generated by lightning, are vital for the design of protection measures in power lines [4]. Based on information from the World Meteorological Organization records, Peninsular Malaysia has thunderstorm between 100 to 140 days per year as mention in **Figure 1.1**.

1 | Page