

Thunderstorm Forecasting by using Artificial Neural Network (ANN)

**Thesis presented in partial fulfillment of the requirement for
Bachelor of Electrical Engineering (Hons.)
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**



**AHMAD FAIDUDDIN BIN ALI
Faculty of Electrical Engineering
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA
40450 Shah Alam, Selangor, Malaysia
May 2010**

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In the name of Allah S.W.T, Lord of Universe who has given me strength and ability to complete this project and report. All perfect prices belong to Allah S.W.T. May his belong upon the prophet Muhammad S.A.W and members of his family and companions.

Firstly, I would like to express my sincere gratitude and appreciation to my supervisor, Cik Dalina Binti Johari for her continue support, generous guidance, help, patience and encouragement in the duration of the thesis preparation until its completion.

Besides, I would also want to express this appreciation to Puan Zureen Norhaizatul Binti Che Hassan from Malaysian Meteorological Services (MMS) for sharing her knowledge and providing the data prior to the preparation of this project.

To my truly beloved family especially my father, Ali Bin Hj Basri and my mother,
thank you for the support, encouragement, understanding
and advices with never ending concern for me.

Last but not least, to all my friends for has been spending so much time and ideas in order for me to finish this report. Although the ideas seem to be simple, surely I can say that these simple ideas are the best. These contributions are really meaningful to me.

ABSTRACT

Thunderstorm is a form of weather characteristic containing strong wind, lightning, heavy rain and sometimes snow or hail. It can be associated with a cloud type of cumulonimbus. Depending on its type, thunderstorm has great potential to produce serious damage to human life and property. Therefore, there are many sophisticated instrument used to record weather data such as Doppler radar and satellite. By using these data, based on the statistical, mathematical or soft computing technique can be done in order to predict the occurrence the weather characteristic. This project presents the application of Artificial Neural Network (ANN) in forecasting the thunderstorm occurrence in Shah Alam based on the meteorological data. Therefore, several three-layer feed-forward back-propagation ANNs were developed in Matlab and each network was evaluated by using cross-validation technique. A network with the best performance in terms of its R-value was selected as the best design. Thus, the forecasting of thunderstorm occurrence can be successfully done.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTENTS	PAGE
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	i
ABSTRACT	ii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iii
LIST OF FIGURES	v
LIST OF TABLES	vi
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background of Study	1
1.2 Objectives	2
1.3 Scope of Work	2
1.4 Thesis Organization	3
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Thunderstorm	4
2.1.1 Thunderstorm Life Cycle	5
2.1.1 [a] Developing Stage	5
2.1.1 [b] Mature Stage	6
2.1.1 [c] Dissipating Stage	7
2.1.2 Types of Thunderstorm	8
2.1.2 [a] Single Cell	8
2.1.2 [b] Multicell Cluster	9
2.1.2 [c] Multicell Line	9
2.1.2 [d] Supercell	10
2.1.3 Hazards of Thunderstorm	11
2.1.3 [a] Cloud-to-Ground Lightning	11
2.1.3 [b] Large Hailstone	12
2.1.3 [c] Flash Flood	12
2.1.3 [d] Downburst	13
2.1.4 Cumulonimbus Cloud	14

2.2	Artificial Neural Network (ANN)	15
2.2.1	Network Architecture	16
2.2.2	Fundamental of Neural Network Structure	16
2.2.3	Levernberg-Marquardt Backpropagation	17
2.2.4	Transfer Function	18
2.2.4 [a]	Log-Sigmoid Transfer Function	18
2.2.4 [b]	Tan-Sigmoid Transfer Function	19
2.2.4 [c]	Linear Transfer Function	19
2.2.5	Learning Rate (lr)	19
2.2.6	Momentum Constant (mc)	20
2.2.7	Application of Neural Network	20

CHAPTER 3: METHODOLOGY

3.1	Data Collection	22
3.1 [a]	Pressure	22
3.1 [b]	Moisture Difference	22
3.1 [c]	Wind	23
3.1 [d]	Type of Cloud	23
3.2	Development of the ANN	23
3.2 [a]	Training Process	24
3.3 [b]	Testing Process	25

CHAPTER 4: RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

4.1	Network Architecture Selection	27
4.2	Network Optimal Parameter	31
4.3	Properties of Network	32

CHAPTER 5: CONCLUSION

5.1	Conclusion	34
5.2	Recommendation	34

REFERENCES	35
-------------------	----

APPENDIX A	36
-------------------	----

APPENDIX B	38
-------------------	----