UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

THE OBSTACLES ON ASSESSMENT TAX COLLECTION IN KENINGAU DISTRICT

LYNDA NOVIA RAMLI JAIMI

EMAS

DECEMBER 2015

ABSTRACT

Assessment tax is a specific value that is assigned to the property that public posse for tax purposes. According to Hakim (1987), assessment tax is a process in determining on a value charged for the purpose of maintaining the infrastructure and facilities provided by the local government for the benefit of the people. In Malaysia, assessment tax collection is one of the local government's revenue. This revenue enables them to provide service to the public. Unfortunately, most of the countries including Malaysia are facing continuous assessment tax arrears which keep on increasing year by year. Therefore, the purpose of this study is to investigate factors contributing to nonpayment of assessment taxes in Keningau District as well as to identify and analyze the actions taken by the district council to reduce the rate of nonpayment of assessment tax. The findings show that tax morale which consists of several factors may lead to tax compliance. The factors that have been identified are knowledge, level of income, fairness and culture. However, both of the Council and taxpayers themselves have to tolerate in ensuring the assessment tax compliance by introducing new system, tax knowledge education, strict enforcement and good service delivery to create tax morale among the public. As a recommendation to boost tax morale, it is the right time for the council to invent new system, creating a knowledgeable organization through activities such early childhood education, school program, campaign, seminar and talks as well as to gain public trust by executing fairness in enforcement and improve service delivery.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First and foremost, I thanked God for this beautiful opportunity to experience a wonderful journey during my Masters degree. My sincere gratitude also goes to my supervisor Dr Hajah Zuraidah Binti Zaaba for her endless support, encouragement and motivation to my Master's study and research, for her patience and immense knowledge. Her guidance had helped me in my academic endeavours. I would not hope for a better person other than her.

I would like to thank the experts who had guided me and shed lights whenever I was in the dark. Thank you to Dr Haijon Gunggut, Dr Yarina and Professor Datuk Dr Chua Kim Heng for their insightful comments and encouragement. All of you are such exceptional individuals who will remain close to my heart.

To my classmates, the voyage we had together is one of the best moments in my life. Thank you for all your kindness and unceasing support. I would also like to convey my appreciation to my cousins Mr and Mrs Ali Ismail for their assistance and help and not forgetting Mr Standly Palik from Keningau District Council for his help throughout my research.

Last but not least, I would like to express my utmost gratitude to my dearest husband, Cleftous Bungkilau for his patience, support and understanding, my adorable daughter Aiden Divine, to both of my parents Mr and Mrs Ronald Jaimi as well as my parents-in-law Mr and Mrs Bungkilau Kimin, all my brothers and sisters especially to Mdm Easter R. Jaimi, Mdm. Emily R. Jaimi & Mdm. Nancy R. Jaimi, brothers / sisters in law, my nieces and nephews especially Esmerallda Ng, Ennabelle Ng and Sonia Boy Setanis for their endless blessings and encouragement. Thank you, this odyssey is not the end, but the beginning of a new chapter in life. Praise the Lord.

Table of Contents

AUTHOR'S DECLARATION		i		
ABSTRACT		ii		
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT		iii		
TABLE OF CONTENTS		iv		
LIST OF TABLES		vi		
LIST OF FIGURES		vii		
LIST OF ABBREVIATION		viii		
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION				
1.1	Introduction	1		
1.2	Problem Statement	4		
1.3	Research Question	6		
1.4	Research objectives	6		
1.5	Significance of the Study	7		
1.6	Scope of the Study	7		
1.7	Definition of Terms	8		
CHAPTER 2 : LITERATURE REVIEW & CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK				
2.1	Introduction	12		
2.2	Basic of Assessment of Rate	12		
2.3	Theory of Model	16		
2.4	Best Practice of Tax Cempliance	17		
2.5	Tax Morale	21		
2.6	Tax Compliance	25		
2.7	Tax Rate	26		
2.8	Evasion and Avoidance	26		

2.9	Conceptual Framework	26		
2.10	Summary	27		
CHAPTER 3: RESEARCH METHOD				
3.1	Research Design	30		
3.2	Unit of Analysis	33		
3.3	Sample Size	33		
3.4	Sampling Technique	34		
3.5	Instrument of Measurement	34		
3.6	Data Collection	36		
3.7	Data Analysis	37		
CHAPTER 4: FINDINGS				
4.1	Research Finding (Questionnaires) .	38		
4.2	Tax Morale Finding (Survey)	41		
4.3	Interview Finding	42		
4.4	Function and Roles of Keningau District Council	47		
CHAPTER 5 : DISCUSSION				
5.1	Introduction	49		
5.2	Tax Morale Factors	49		
CHAPTER 6: CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION				
6.1	Conclusion	61		
6.2	Recommendation	66		
6.3	Recommendation For Further Research	67		
REFERENCES		69		
APPENDICES		78		