# UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

# AWARENESS ON CERVICAL CANCER AND HPV VACCINE AND ACCEPTANCE OF VACCINATION AMONGST THE FEMALE STUDENTS IN CENTRE OF FOUNDATION STUDIES (CFS) UITM PUNCAK ALAM

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### **ABSTRACT**

There is a growing concern about individuals' awareness and willingness to receive the HPV vaccine since the young women are much dependant on the parents' acceptance of the vaccination. The aim of this study is to determine the awareness, initiative and willingness against cervical cancer and HPV vaccination among female students in Centre of Foundation Studies (CFS) UITM Puncak Alam. This is a cross sectional study with convenient sampling method. A validated questionnaire was used for data collection instrument. A total number of 444 female students participated in this study with more than half (68.1%) agreed that cervical cancer can be prevented by HPV vaccination. Female students were found to have a satisfactory level of awareness and willingness with total scores of over 70%. Regarding the factors that influenced the level of awareness, only monthly household income significantly influenced the awareness level (p=0.044) while for the factors that influenced the level of initiative, only family history of HPV vaccination was found to be significant (p<0.05). Awareness level is found to be positively related to the willingness level at r=0.319, p<0.01. Slightly more than three quarters (78.8%) of the participants were willing to be vaccinated with 43.3% stated that they are willing to pay for the vaccine if it was not provided for free. 27.7% agreed that there was enough publicity on the awareness of HPV vaccination. Therefore, promotion of HPV vaccine and including HPV vaccine in the national vaccination program is very important as a primary prevention from cervical cancer among female students.

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