A STUDY OF REPULSION AND ATTRACTION FACTORS TOWARDS YOUTH PARTICIPATION IN OIL PALM PLANTATION

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iii

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page				
DI	ii						
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS							
TA	iv						
LI	ST OF F	vii					
LI	viii						
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS ABSTRACT							
						ABSTRAK	
<u>CI</u>	<u>HAPTER</u>	<u>t</u>					
1	INTRO	DDUCTION					
	1.1	Research background	1				
	1.2	Problem statement	2				
	1.3	Objective of study	2				
	1.4	Hypothesis	3				
	1.5	Significance of study					
		1.5.1.1 To the government	4				
		1.5.1.2 To the company/organization	4				
		1.5.1.3 To the worker/youth	5				
	1.6 l	Limitation of study	5				
2	2 LITERATURE REVIEW						
	2.1	Introduction	6				
	2.2	Repulsion factors	7				
	2.2	2.1 Lack of knowledge	8				
	2.2	2.2 Working surrounding	8				
	2.3	Attraction factors					
	2.3	3.1 High salary	9				
	2.3	3.2 Social facilities	10				

3 RESEARCH AND METHODOLOGY

	3.1	1 Introduction				11
	3.2	Loc	1	12		
	3.3	Con	1	12		
	3.4	3.4 Population and Sample				
	3	.4.1	Popul	ation		13
	3	.4.2	Samp	le		13
	3.5	Data	a collec	ction method		
	3	.5.1	Quest	ionnaires		14
	3	.5.2	Distri	bution questionnaires		15
	3	.5.3	Pilot t	test		15
	3.6	San	npling c	lesign		16
	3	.6.1	Likert	t scale		17
3.7		Data analysis				
	3	.7.1	Statist	tical Package for Social Science (SPSS)		17
	3	.7.2	Descr	iptive Analysis		18
	3	.7.3	Corre	lation Analysis		18
	3	.7.4	Multip	ple Linear Regression		20
	3.8	Flov	w chart	data analysis		21
	3.9		22			
4	RESU	J LT .	AND I	DISCUSSION		
	4.1 Introduction			on		23
	4.2	Reli	ability	test		23
	4.3 Descriptive analysis					24
	4.3.1 Demographic analysis					24
		4.	3.1.1	Age of respondents		25
		4.	3.1.2	Race of respondents		26
		4.	3.1.3	Education level of respondents		27
		4.	3.1.4	Working experience of respondents		29
		4.	3.1.5	Marital status of respondents		30
		4.	3.1.6	Present income of respondents		31

ABSTRACT

A Study of Repulsion and Attraction Factors Towards Youth Participation in Oil Palm Plantation

Nowdays, plantation part in Malaysia is the biggest farming based to support monetary project including upstream and downstream activities especially in oil palm plantation. In order to maintain our economic contributor, we need more workers to participate in our plantation so it will increase production of palm oil in Malaysia. But, most of local youth would not in estate segment and our nation were filled by the outside laborers. However, the problem is Malaysia is rising in social issues from unlawful outside laborers and deluge of remote specialists without work grant. This study examines the relationship between repulsion and attraction factors and determine the dominant of repulsion and attraction factors that influence youth participation. A survey method through questionnaire was utilized to gather information from 53 of local youth between 16 years to 40 years old at Pembangunan Pertanian Melaka Sdn Bhd (PMMSB). The result shows that the independent variables of repulsion and attraction have significant relationship with dependent variables because both factors of repulsion and attraction is affecting local youth at PMMSB. Besides, the dominant factor of repulsion is working surrounding while the dominant factor of attraction is high salary. This study provides the evidence that all independent variables of repulsion and attraction have relationship by using correlation analysis and multiple regression analysis. For recommendation, government agency should give more attention and find some strategies or alternative ways to improve the repulsion and attraction factors towards youth participation in oil palm plantation.

Keywords: Repulsion, attraction, youth participation, oil palm, plantation