THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN WORKLOAD AND JOB SATISFACTION AT NORTH BUTTERWORTH CONTAINER TERMINAL, PENANG SDN. BHD.

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ABSTRACT

The research was conducted to examine the relationship between workload and job satisfaction among employee. This research content two independent variable and one dependent variable. The independent variable are work-life balance and work stress and the dependent variable is job satisfaction. The research objective is to determine the relationship between work-life balance and job satisfaction and to analyze a relationship between work stress and job satisfaction.

Data were gathered from 50 employees at North Butterworth Container Terminal, Penang Port to complete questionnaire. However, only 43 employees respond to the questionnaire that been given. The questionnaire was divided into four sections which consist of, section A for Demographic information, Section B for Work-life Balance, Section C for Work Stress and Section D for Job Satisfaction. A research question to be answered as the outcome of data gathering and analysis were: 1) Is there a relationship between work-life balance and job satisfaction? 2) Is there a relationship between work stress and job satisfaction?

The sample group (N=43) consist of female and male staff members. The questionnaire has been adopted, adapted, and changes from The Job Description Index (JDI) and Minnesota Questionnaire (MSQ). The data analysis technique that has been used are Frequency Distribution, Normality Analysis, Descriptive Statistic and Pearson Correlation Coefficient.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Background of the Study

This study will examine the relationship between workload and job satisfaction among employees in North Butterworth Container Terminal, Penang Port Sdn. Bhd. Job satisfaction is one of the important aspects in working life. According to Thorndike and Barnhart (1979) as cited by (Glinow, 2009), it is the "fulfilment of conditions or desires". Therefore, one would expect a person is satisfied when his or her expectations or desires have been met. According (Locke, 1976), "job satisfaction may be defined as pleasurable or positive emotional state resulting from the appraisal of one's job or job experiences".

From Lofquist and Dawis (1969) that cited by (Glinow, 2009), they defined "satisfaction as "an individual's positive effective evaluation of the target environment, result of an individual's requirement being fulfilled by the target environment, a pleasant affective state, the individual's appraisal of the extent to which his or her requirements are fulfilled by the environment". Both definitions emphasize the emotional aspect that plays an important role in the understanding of the construct.

According to (Ifedili & Ifedili, 2012), Maslow's Need Theory came up with the hierarchy of needs in 1943 based on deficiency and growth needs. Maslow's set human needs in ascending order of physiological needs which are view the basic needs of life