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ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to identify the factors influencing the implementation of Occupational Safety and Health Acts (OSHA) and employee's performance. The selected organization is Universiti Sultan Zainal Abidin (UniSZA) Gong Badak Campus, Kuala Terengganu, Terengganu, Malaysia. This correlation research was to determine that there is an existence of correlation between these variables. The sampling frame is the non-academic staffs of Universiti Sultan Zainal Abidin (UNiSZA) with population of 858 employees and by using simple random sampling technique, 100 respondents were made as sample size and 85 respondents has given feedback. In addition, the internal consistency using Cronbach's Alpha are also use to verify the measurement used later. The unit of analysis is individual with the instrument of Likert Scale question. Therefore, questionnaire is used to collect the data and Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS) version 20.0 is used to compute the correlation of the variables. This research should make a contribution to the understanding of the relationship between OSHA and employee's performance for most government organizations in any industries, private company, body statutory and employee themselves. The result of the research shows that the variables are positive correlated with one other thus the hypothesis were accepted.

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

OVERVIEW

The researcher was choosing to conduct a research on "The implementation of Occupational Safety and Health Acts (OSHA) towards employee's performance at University Sultan Zainal Abidin (UniSZA), Gong Badak Campus, Kuala Terengganu, Terengganu, Malaysia". This study aims to identify the implementation of OSHA towards employee's performance. This section was discussed briefly on the background of the proposed study. It also includes the problem statement, research objectives, hypothesis, significance of study and other relevant areas. Other topics also being review such as limitation and scope of the study to fulfill the requirement of the study.

Background of the Study

Based on Robertson and Keeve (1983), various unions, employers and employees, as well as government has attempted to prevent workplace injuries or reduce their severity by establishing safety standards and then carrying out inspections of workplaces for violations of the standards. The federal in position and enforcement of standard has been the responsibility of the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) since 1970. According to Denisi and Griffin (2005), OSHA's