TRAVELLING IONOSPGERIC DISTURBANCE (TID) DURING THE OCCURRENCE OF GEOMAGNETIC STORM USING MAGDAS DATA

This thesis is submitted in partial fulfillment for the degree of the Bachelor of Engineering (Honours) in Electronic (Communication) UNIVERSITITEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)

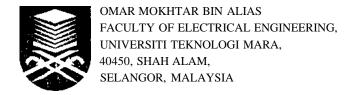


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Acknowledgement

First and foremost, I would like to express my highest gratitude to God, for his greatness and permission, praise to the Almighty Allah for his grant me healthy and patience to complete project on schedule. Outmost thanks goes to my beloved parents for their support either ideas, financial and also for their continuous motivation and encouragement throughout my life.

Highest appreciation is dedicated to my supervisor, Dr. Norsuzila bintiYa'acob for her visionary guidance, kindness, moral support and constant encouragement regarding to the final year project. This project also will not be successful without the cooperation and contribution from Institute of Space Science (ANGKASA), UKM Bangi for provides the relevant information and data.

Last but not least, I would like to express grateful feeling to my classmate and person who has contributed directly and indirectly in making this final project success. Not to forget, Universiti Teknologi MARA especially Faculty of Electrical Engineering for the opportunities they have been giving me to completing this project.

Abstract

Magnetic Data Acquisition System (MAGDAS) through its Circum-Pan Pacific Magnetometer Network (CPMN) is a real time system magnetometers. The ordinary data from the MAGDAS is one of the datar that can be used for research or studies of variations like magnetic storm and aurora sub storms. The earth magnetic data that obtain from MAGDAS can also be used as earth magnetic data observation for space events such as geomagnetic storm. Geomagnetic storms one of the event that can damage satellites disable electric power grids. This paper focuses on monitoring and analysis MAGDAS data during the occurrence of space events such as geomagnetic storms and during ionosphere events such as Travelling Ionospheric Disturbance (TID) at different stations. The raw data is taken from different MAGDAS unit which are supplied by the Space Environment Research Centre (SERC) Kyushu University, Japan. The data were taken at different station to see its characterization and the different of earth magnetic field.. Matlab program is used to simulate the MAGDAS data. Kp index also used as reference to identified the variations of ionosphere events. The results has been studies and analysis has been made. Result shown that there are 3 phase of geomagnetic storm occurrence. Through the earth magnetic field horizontal intensity (parameter H), TID have been detect. TID happen during occurrence of the aurora.