

# TRANSLATION AND PSYCHOMETRIC PROPERTIES OF ATTITUDES QUESTIONNAIRE INTO MALAY VERSION

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#### INTRODUCTION

- There are several major reviews on studies of demographic variables associated with negative attitudes toward disabled people (Marini,I. & Stebnicki, M.A., 2012).
- In socioeconomic status, the lower income groups shows less favourable attitudes toward people with disabilities than higher income groups and the educational level is positively correlated with positive attitudes toward disabled people (Livneh,H., 2012).
- Currently, there are many assessments to measure attitudes level toward people with disabilities such as Attitudes toward Disabled Persons Scale (ATDP), but none had been translated to Malay language.

## LITERATURE REVIEW

- Public Attitudes toward Epilepsy (PATE) scale was translated into malay version and reliability and validity was tested (Lim,K.S, Choo,W.Y., Wu,C. & Tan,C.T., 2013). The construct validity and internal consistency was used to analyze the items.
- The total means score of general and personal domains have strong correlation as the correlation coefficient values are 0.919 and 0.782 respectively. While the Cronbach's alpha value for both domains were within acceptable range which are 0.7 to 0.9.
- Based on study of Lacono, T., Tracy, J., Keating, J.
   & Brown, T. in 2009, The Interaction with Disabled Persons scale (IDP) has been used in research into baseline attitudes and to evaluate whether a shift in attitudes towards people with developmental disabilities. By using Cronbach's alpha, the internal consistency of the IDP ranged from 0.74 to 0.86.

## PROBLEM STATEMENT

- The Attitudes Questionnaire not had been translated to Malay language, as the problems being addressed in this study are the reliability and validity of Attitudes Questionnaire to be use among population in Malaysia.
- It may not be culturally appropriate when being administered for those with low educational level or who are not fluently in English since English is not the native language of the Malaysian people.

# OBJECTIVE

# General objective

 To translate Attitudes Questionnaire into Malay version in order for the Malaysian people can use this questionnaire to identify the levels of attitudes of a person toward disabled people.

## **Specific objectives**

- To translate the Attitudes Questionnaire into Malay version.
- To establish the psychometric properties of the translated version of Attitudes Questionnaire.

## METHODS

Cross sectional study

Setting: Sungai Buloh (urban or rural area)

Instrument tool: Attitudes Questionnaire

## Samples:

10 malay peoples (pilot study)
35 malay peoples (validity phase)
30 malay peoples (reliability phase)

Data analysis (SPSS version 21.0)
Descriptive: Frequency
Inferential: Pearson Coefficient Test
Wilcoxon Signed Ranked Test

#### **Inclusion criteria**

- Malay people age range from 20 to 50 years.
- People that able to read and understand the English and Malay language.
- People that has good visual to administer the questionnaire.

#### **Exclusion criteria**

- Malay people aged below than 20 years and above 50 years.
- People who are unable to read and understand the English and Malay language.
- People that has impaired vision.

**Translation and Psychometric properties of Attitudes Questionnaire into Malay version** 

Original English Attitudes Questionnaire

Stage 1: Translation of the original instrument into the target language (forward and backward translation)

Translation into Malay by language expert 1

Translation into Malay by language expert 2

Harmonized version of AQ-BM

Back translation into English by language expert 1 Back translation into English by language expert 2

Pilot study

Modification & correction of pilot study

Stage 2: Evaluation of the concurrent and content validity

Finalized Malay version of Attitudes

Questionnaire

Stage 3: Evaluation of the reliability (Internal consistency)

**Test-retest of Attitudes Questionnaire** 

Analysis

## RESULTS

Stage 1: Translation of the original instrument into the target language (forward and backward translation)

#### PILOT STUDY

Out of 10 samples, (n=7) of them faced some difficulties to understand the questions while the rest (n=3) of them has no problem.

50% (n=5) of them may not clear the word of 'ketakupayaan' in the questionnaire given.

Therefore, discussion was made and the word 'ketakupayaan' was substituted with the word 'kurang upaya'

Table 1: Pearson Correlation Coefficient test (r) of Malay version and English version of Attitudes Questionnaire

Mean (SD)

	AQ-BM	AQ-BI	
Question 1	4.114 (1.231)	4.057 (1.327)	0.950
Question 2	3.943 (1.187)	3.886 (1.207)	0.858
Question 3	5.057 (0.838)	5.229 (0.770)	0.663
Question 4	2.829 (0.822)	3.486 (1.173)	0.699
Question 5	1.886 (1.022)	1.857 (0.944)	0.775
Question 6	3.657 ((1.211)	3.429 (1.243)	0.647
Question 7	4.429 (0.884)	4.571 (0.739)	0.875
Question 8	5.514 (0.562)	5.229 (0.843)	0.303
Question 9	2.686 (1.430)	2.543 (1.400)	0.675
Question 10	3.571 (1.220)	3.829 (1.150)	0.869
Question 11	3.486 (0.951)	3.543 (0.919)	0.868
Question 12	1.771 (0.646)	1.829 (0.568)	0.532
Question 13	1.714 (0.710)	1.800 (0.719)	0.633
Question 14	4.800 (0.719)	4.914 (0.702)	0.839
Question 15	4.200 (1.079)	4.200 (1.079)	0.773
Question 16	2.200 (1.023)	2.343 (1.136)	0.825
Question 17	1.543 (0.817)	1.829 (0.985)	0.704
Question 18	3.971 (1.014)	4.086 (0.951)	0.674
Question 19	3.857 (1.264)	3.686 (1.301)	0.956
Question 20	3.514 (0.919)	3.771 (0.843)	0.232
Question 21	4.514 (1.222)	4.143 (1.498)	0.602
Question 22	1.229 (0.426)	1.200 (0.406)	0.919
Question 23	3.714 (1.073)	3.743 (1.039)	0.856
Question 24	1.743 (0.741)	1.886 (0.676)	0.644
Question 25	5.000 (0.907)	4.800 (0.677)	0.718
Question 26	2.029 (1.175)	2.086 (1.121)	0.891
Question 27	2.829 (1.689)	2.743 (1.559)	0.932
Question 28	3.571 (1.219)	3.400 (1.241)	0.758
Question 29	5.114 (0.718)	5.171 (0.664)	0.636
Question 30	2.771 (1.374)	2.743 (1.268)	0.860
Question 31	4.600 (1.117)	4.457 (1.010)	0.584)
Question 32	2.286 (1.426)	2.371 (1.437)	0.865
Question 33	5.229 (0.690)	4.943 (0.725)	0.674
Question 34	5.057 (0.906)	5.114 (0.932)	0.828
Question 35	5.514 (0.562)	5.314 (0.530)	0.330
Question 36	3.286 (1.274)	3.257 (1.221)	0.670
Question 37	1.543 (0.886)	1.714 (0.893)	0.837
Question 38	4.800 (0.759)	5.029 (0.857)	0.551
Question 39	2.657 (1.305)	2.743 (1.268)	0.549
Question 40	2.914 (1.197)	2.800 (1.256)	0.888
Question 41	4.486 (1.011)	4.686 (0.867)	0.582
Question 42	5.543 (0.611)	5.514 (0.612)	0.569

# Table 2: Wilcoxon Signed Rank Test

**Variables** 

	Median (IQR)	Median (IQR)		
Question 1	5.00 (0.25)	5.00 (1.25)	1.200	0.000
Question 2	4.00 (2.00)	4.00 (2.00)	0.311	0.000
Question 3	5.50 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	1.538	0.000
Question 4	3.00 (2.00)	3.00 (2.00)	- 0.548	0.000
Question 5	2.00 (1.25)	2.00 (1.00)	- 1.130	0.000
Question 6	3.00 (2.00)	3.00 (1.00)	- 0.548	0.000
Question 7	4.00 (2.00)	4.00 (1.25)	0.495	0.000
Question 8	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	1.476	0.004
Question 9	3.00 (1.25)	3.00 (1.00)	- 0.870	0.000
Question 10	4.00 (2.00)	4.00 (1.00)	0.418	0.000
Question 11	3.00 (1.00)	3.00 (1.00)	- 0.471	0.000
Question 12	2.00 (1.00)	2.50 (1.00)	- 1.115	0.000
Question 13	2.00 (2.00)	2.00 (2.00)	- 1.345	0.000
Question 14	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	0.863	0.432
Question 15	4.00 (2.00)	4.00 (2.00)	0.234	0.000
Question 16	2.50 (1.00)	3.00 (1.25)	- 0.931	0.000
Question 17	2.00 (2.00)	2.00 (2.00)	- 1.330	0.000
Question 18	3.00 (1.00)	3.00 (1.00)	- 0.318	0.000
Question 19	4.00 (2.25)	4.00 (1.00)	0.434	0.000
Question 20 Question 21	3.00 (2.00) 4.50 (1.00)	3.00 (1.00) 4.00 (2.00)	- 0.180 0.648	0.000 0.002
Question 22	1.00 (1.00)	1.00 (2.00)	- 1.881	0.002
Question 23	4.00 (1.00)	3.50 (2.00)	0.234	0.000
Question 24	2.00 (1.00)	2.00 (1.00)	- 1.835	0.000
Question 25	5.00 (1.05)	5.00 (2.00)	1.154	0.000
Question 26	2.00 (1.00)	2.00 (1.00)	- 0.962	0.000
Question 27	4.00 (2.25)	4.00 (2.00)	- 0.118	0.000
Question 28	4.00 (1.00)	4.00 (1.00)	0.020	0.000
Question 29	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	1.062	0.000
Question 30	3.00 (2.00)	3.00 (2.00)	- 0.456	0.000
Question 31	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	1.000	0.000
Question 32	2.00 (2.00)	3.00 (2.00)	- 1.054	0.001
Question 33	5.00 (2.00)	5.00 (2.00)	1.277	0.000
Question 34	5.00 (0.25)	5.00 (1.00)	1.308	0.000
Question 35	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (0.50)	1.246	0.000
Question 36	3.00 (1.25)	3.00 (2.00)	- 0.578	0.007
Question 37	2.00 (1.00)	1.00 (1.00)	- 1.651	0.000
Question 38	4.50 (1.25)	5.00 (1.00)	0.970	0.123
Question 39	3.00 (2.00)	3.00 (2.00)	- 0.425	0.000
Question 40	3.50 (1.25)	4.00 (2.00)	- 0.348	0.000
Question 41	4.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.00)	0.863	0.000
Question 42	5.00 (1.00)	5.00 (1.25)	1.338	0.000
TOTAL	107.50 (59.25)	106.50 (62.00)	- 0.616	0.502

**Post-test** 

Table 3: Descriptive Statistic and Test Retest Reliability of Attitudes Questionnaire

Variable	Mean (SD)	Different (Test- Retest) (Min,Max)	ICC (95% CI)α
Test	108.10 (32.57)	0.5 (2,3)	0.994

(0.988, 0.997)

108.62 (32.76)

Retest

#### DISCUSSIONS

- As compared to past study by Findler, L., Vilchinsky, N., & Werner, S. in 2007, the content validity of Medical student Attitude toward persons with disabilities instrument was established by reviews each items meticulously and revisions from experts which same procedure with the validation of content of Attitudes Questionnaire in Malay version.
- Pesides, result of correlation between English and Malay version of Attitudes Questionnaire ranges from 0.232 to 0.950 shows poor to excellent positive which having similarity with result study of Lim,K.S. et al (2013) as have strong correlation between two domains.
- Based on Lacono,T., et al. in 2009, test-retest were conducted to samples of minimum 30 respondents with minimum of one week interval shows high internal consistency.
- Findings from result of the Attitudes Questionnaire shows no significant different in pre-test and post-test which means the Null hypothesis is accepted.

#### **CONCLUSION**

This study were participated by different respondents for each phase which included male and female. In concurrent validation of Attitudes Questionnaire, it shows significant strong positive correlation between the English version and Malay version. While in reliability of Attitudes Questionnaire-BM, result shows no significant difference but has high internal consistency which indicates the questionnaire was moderately understood by the respondents and may be administered toward public community in Malaysia to identify the attitudes toward people with disabilities.

## LIMITATIONS

 The sample size was too small for the research finding.

P-value

**Z-scores** 

• The geographical area for study location was not widely spread in Malaysia as the questionnaire only distributed in Sungai Buloh area.

Age range of the respondents mostly from age 20 to 30 years old.
This studies not emphasis

on the factor analysis.

- RECOMMENDATIONS
- It can be done with different population in different settings to enhance the reliability and validity of the assessment tool.
- The future research may continue on the evaluation of construct validity (factor analysis).

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# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The author thank you to the supervisor, Mr. Syamsul Anwar bin Sultan Ibrahim for lessons, guidance and correction towards the improvement of this study. Also, thank you to the original author of Attiudes Questionnaire, Mr. Anthony J. Goreczny and thank you to everyone that helps me out a lot in accomplishing the project.