

THE EFFECT OF COOLING PROCESS AFTER WELD USING TENSILE AND IMPACT TESTS OF MILD STEEL JOINT

ZAIREE EZZAM BIN ZAHURI (2005388439)

BACHELOR ENGINEERING (HONS) (MECHANICAL) UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)

MAY 2010

"I declared that this thesis is the result of my own work except this idea and summaries which i have clarified their sources. The thesis has not been accepted for any degree and is not currently submitted in candidature of any degree."

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

With the name of Allah the Merciful and the Benevolent

This report represents a total of 5 months effort. It could not have been done without the help of numerous lecturers, Puan Nursalbiah Bt Nasir, under whose supervision I chose this topic and began the thesis and has assisted me in numerous ways, including summarizing the contents of documents which were not available for me to examine. Really thankfully for their constant guidance and constructive comments throughout the completion of this work to meet specified objectives.

I am happy to present my appreciation to all technicians of Mechanical Engineering workshop, welding workshop, Strength Lab and Material Lab of the Faculty of Mechanical Engineering for their willingness to guide and help me to do my experiments using all available instrument and facilities.

Also, It would be impossible to acknowledge individually all the professionals who extended their kind personal assistance in gathering information and relevant data required for data analysis for thesis conclusion. I would like to thank all my friends and colleagues for their support throughout my stay at UiTM.

ABSTRACT

The aim of this research is to investigate experimentally the three different methods of cooling process (normalizing, spray quenching and normal quenching) after weld. The goal of research is to investigate whether spray quenching method are suitable after weld compares between normalizing and normal quenching method. Metalworking oil concentrate are used for cooling material for spray and normal quenching . The result is based on the properties of the specimen. All specimens used butt joint, single bevel of groove (45°) and mild steel for preparation in weld process and used Flux Core Arc Welding (FCAW) for types of weld.

Tests that will conducted after the welding as tensile and impact test. This research also used arc spark spectrometer and micro test to analyses the result from tensile and impact test.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTENTS	PAGE
PAGE TITLE	ì
ACKNOWLEDGMENT	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENTS	iv
LIST OF TABLE	vii
LIST OF FIGURE	viii

CHAPTER ONE INTRODUCTION

1.1	Background	1
1.2	Problem Statement	2
1.3	Objective of the Project	2
1.4	Scope of the Project	3
1.5	Significance of the Project	3

CHAPTER TWO LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1	Characteristic of Mild steel		5
	2.1.1	Advantages and application of mild steel	7
2.2	Flux Core Arc Welding (FCAW)		7