



UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**THE IMPACTS OF MACROECONOMIC
FACTORS ON ECONOMIC GROWTH IN JAPAN**

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of the requirements for the degree of
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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this final year project paper was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

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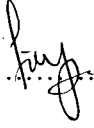
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ABSTRACT

This study investigates the impacts of macroeconomic factors on economic growth (EG) GDP per capita in Japan using time series data from 1986 to 2015. In this study, there are specified variables for five macroeconomic factors which is broad money growth (BMNY), Imports of goods and services (IMP), Inflation, GDP deflator (GDPDEF), Exports of goods and services (EXPT) and Inflation, consumer prices (CPI). Japan is a developed country and also known as a country that strongly success with highly market oriented economy. Also, macroeconomics is related with the deal on economic towards the performance, structure, behaviour and decision-making of an economy as a whole of a country. Therefore, this study is to look the positive or negative result either all the variables of macroeconomic factors would give impact to the economic growth of Japan or vice versa.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| EG | Economic Growth |
| BMNY | Broad Money Growth |
| IMP | Import of goods and services |
| GDPDEF | Inflation, GDP deflator |
| EXPT | Export of goods and services |
| CPI | Inflation, consumer prices |