

# COMPARISON OF ANTIMICROBIAL ACTIVITIES BETWEEN ETHANOL AND AQUEOUS EXTRACTS OF Ziziphus Mauritiana LEAVES AGAINST URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS MICROORGANISMS

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Thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirement for **Bachelor of Medical Laboratory Technology (Hons)** 

**Faculty of Health Sciences** 

July 2019

## **DECLARATION BY STUDENT**

Project entitled "Comparison of Antimicrobial Activities between ethanol and aqueous extracts of *Ziziphus mauritiana* leaves against Urinary Tract Infections Microorganisms" is a presentation of my original research work. I hereby declare that this thesis is my original work and has not been submitted previously or currently for any other degree at UiTM or any other institutions.

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### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

In the name of Allah, the Most Gracious and the Most merciful.

First of all, all praises to Allah for giving me the strength and ability to complete this final year project. Special appreciation goes to my supervisor, Madam Azlin Sham Ramlee @ Rambely, for all her supervision and continuous support from the beginning till the end of my research journey. My sincere appreciation also goes to Dr. Hasnah Begum Bt. Said Gulam Khan as my co-supervisor for all the guidance and knowledge regarding this topic. Not forgotten, I would also like to thanks all the laboratory staff and post graduate students whom help and teach me about laboratory related to procedures and instruments.

Equally important, my deepest gratitude goes to my beloved family for their love, moral support, encouragement and continuous financial support during my final year project. Next, sincere thanks to my fellow friends especially my laboratory partner, Zarith Nazirah Zakaria for the kindness, moral support and sacrifices throughout our final year project.

I would like to express my appreciation to Dr. Emida Mohamed as my final year project coordinator for the guidance and kindness.

Last but not least, I would like to thank Lestary grant for funding this study.

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### **ABSTRACT**

Urinary Tract Infections (UTIs) is one of the most frequent bacterial infections both in inpatient and outpatient clinical settings. In recent years, it has been reported the clinical available treatment is not effective due to the ability of bacteria to develop resistance against antimicrobial agents. Therefore, the interest in drugs derives from plant become widespread as it is safe and economic compared than synthetic drug. On the other hand, plants have been used as a main source of therapeutics since ancient time until now. Ziziphus mauritiana belong to the family of Rhamnaceae and known to have some medical benefits such as anti-diarrheal and antimicrobial. In the present study, ethanol and aqueous extract of Z. mauritiana leaves were screened for potential antibacterial activity toward UTIs bacteria. The aim of the present study is to compare the antimicrobial activities between ethanol and aqueous extract of Z. mauritina leave against Urinary Tract Infections (UTIs) bacteria which are Staphylococcus saprophyticus, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Escherichia coli and Proteus mirabilis. The antimicrobial activities are determined by using disc diffusion, minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) and minimum bactericidal concentration (MBC) method. The result for ethanol extract of Z. mauritiana leaves against UTI bacteria showing only S. saprophyticus and K. pneumoniae showed the presence of zone inhibition with mean of 8.00 mm and 9.67 mm respectively while *P. mirabilis* and E. coli showed no zone of inhibition. The MIC and MBC value for S. saprophyticus were 31.25 mg/ml and 125 mg/ml respectively. Meanwhile, MIC and MBC value for K. pneumoniae were 15.63 mg/ml and 31.25 mg/ml respectively. In contrast, the aqueous extract of Z. mauritiana leaves produced no inhibitory effect against S. saprophyticus, K. pneumoniae, E coli and P. mirabilis. Thus, ethanol extract of Z. mauritiana leaves possess antibacterial activities rather than aqueous extract. The findings showed the potency of alcoholic solvent such as ethanol in extracting component of medicinal plants compare than aqueous extract.

**Keywords**: Ziziphus mauritiana, Staphylococcus saprophyticus, Klebsiella pneumoniae, Escherichia coli, Proteus mirabilis