BACK ANALYSIS FOR PILE BEARING CAPACITY USING STATIC LOAD TEST RESULT

By

NURHARNANI BT HASSAN

Report is submitted as The requirement for the degree of **Bachelor Engineering (Hons) (Civil)**

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA OKTOBER 2005

DECLARATION BY THE CANDICATE

I am Nurharnani Bt Hassan, 2001389687 confirm that work is my own and that appropriate credit has been given where reference has been made to the work of others.

the.

(Nurharnani Bt Hassan)

18/03/2005

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In the name of Allah, The Most Merciful and The most Beneficient. All praises to Allah, God of the universe and peace be upon his messenger.

Firstly, I like to express my sincere appreciation for many people who had involved to the whole research process from the beginning until completion of this report. I am deeply indebted to my supervisor, Mr Lim Jit Kheng; for his supports, comments and guidance towards me in order to complete this report and for his generous supply of relevant documents and material needed in the report. I also like to express my grateful appreciation to Ir. Farid Haji Ahmad, for his willingness to give related information and material needed for this report.

I would like to express my appreciation to En. Azmi B Fuad, senior technician at JKR Seberang Perai Tengah, En. Syukri, senior technician at JKR Timur Laut and En Syamsudin as a geotechnical engineer at Infra Kontrak Sdn. Bhd. for giving me useful information and relevant sources regarding this research. There are too many individuals, too many name here, participated and assisted in this research. Last but not least, I am very pleasure to dedicate thanks to all my friends especially Mastijah and Wan Eika Tansukasih for their help and encouragement. Not forgotten, thanks to my family for their love and full moral support which helped me through hard time. Thank you to all of you for helping me to complete this project report.

Thank you and may the Almighty Allah S.W.T be with for all time. Amin.

ABSTRACT

In Civil Engineering point view, the important aspect during design stage is to obtain the cost effective design or to avoid over and under estimate design on pile bearing capacity. Chin Method is one of the simplest way and widely used in Malaysia in order to estimate the ultimate pile bearing capacity. This study has chosen Chin Method because this method was accurate and easy to understand. The result of this study found that in Penang, the piles foundation design could be considered as under estimate, and a few of them are reasonable and over estimate. The under estimate pile design has Pultimate based on Chin Method larger than 2x design load. This resulted in wastage of material and ineffective cost utilisation for the project. This study also focus on determine the status of pile deduced from design assumption and manufacturer's specification. Based on this study, it can be concluded that most test piles in Penang were experience geotechnical govern while some of them are under structural govern and pile overloaded. This study also concern about failure analysis in term of excessive settlement. Excessive settlement was not the major cause in pile failure. Only 3 projects in Penang were having excessive settlement. JKR failure criteria were used to compare between settlement values from Static Load Test with standard value from JKR criteria.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

CONTENT			PAGE
Declaration by the candidate			i
Acknowledgement			ii
Table of content			iii
List of figures			v
List of tables			vi
Abstract			vii
CHAPTER			PAGE
1	INTRODUCTION		
	1.1	General	1
	1.2	Problem Statement	2
	1.3	Scope & Objective of Study	2
2	LITERATURE REVIEW		
	2.1	Pile Foundation	4
	2.2	Bearing Capacity of Pile	6
	2.3	Pile Load Test	8
	2.4	Failure criteria	17
	2.5	Method of Analysis	18