UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

EFFECT OF THE BACTERIAL ABUNDANCE ON THE DENSITY OF AEDES MOSQUITO LARVAL

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Project submitted in fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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(Hons.)

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DECLARATION BY STUDENT

Project entitled "Effect of Bacterial Abundance on The Density of Aedes Mosquito Larval" is a presentation of my original research work. Whenever contributions of others are involved, every effort is made to indicate this clearly, with due reference to literature, and acknowledgement of collaborative research and discussions. The project was done under the guidance of Project Supervisor, Dr. Nazri Che Dom. It has been submitted to the Faculty of Health Sciences in partial fulfilment of the requirement for the Degree of Bachelor in Environmental Health and Safety (Hons).

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In the name of Allah, The Most Gracious, The Most Merciful.

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ABSTRACT

Bacterial communities in Aedes breeding site acts as attractant to gravid female

mosquitoes. Hence, this study identify the bacterial abundance and characteristic of

the bacteria in water holding container. The objective of the study was to analyze the

relationship between the larval density and the bacterial abundance of water holding

containers around Puncak Alam, Selangor. Positive container and wet containers are

randomly obtained on site and classified according to the criteria. *In-situ* and *ex-situ*

measurement was done to find the physical and microbiological properties of the water

using appropriate equipments. The parameter tested are pH, temperature, turbidity, and

bacterial abundance and characterization. Study shows that there are no significant

difference between the biological parameters of the breeding containers towards the

density of the Aedes mosquito larvae as all result could not achieve the significant

value of p < 0.05. However, in terms of containers efficiency, rubber material based

containers have shown the most promising result to serve as a potential breeding site

of Aedes mosquitoes compare to other type of containers. The outcome of this study

shows that microbiological parameters does not influence the ovipositioning of the

Aedes mosquito thus proving that all containers containing water have the potential in

becoming a breeding site for the Aedes mosquito.

Keywords: Aedes, positive, wet, microbiological, bacterial abundance, larval density

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