UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

DETERMINATION OF CADMIUM, LEAD AND COPPER IN CLARIAS GARIEPINUS FROM MASS MARKET

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Project paper submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

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Declaration by Student

Project entitled "Determination of Cadmium, Lead and Copper Concentration In Clarias Gariepinus From Mass Market" is a presentation of my original research work. Wherever contributions of others are involved, every effort is made to indicate this clearly, with due reference to the literature, and acknowledgement of collaborative research and discussions. The project was done under the guidance of Mr. Mohd Izwan bin Masngut as Project Supervisor. It has been submitted to the Faculty of Health Sciences in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the Degree of Bachelor in Environmental Health and Safety (Hons.).

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Abstract

Determination of Cadmium, Lead and Copper Concentration in *Clarias*gariepinus from Mass Market

Nur Syafiqah binti Fauzan

Introduction: Living organisms required variety of heavy metals. Fish has been the main supply of inexpensive and healthy protein to a huge percent of the human population. Marine fish or aquaculture fish have the potential to accumulate the heavy metals. Excessive amount of heavy metal may give a health risk effect.

Methodology: A cross-sectional study was done using 150(n) sample of African catfish bought from various places in Selangor. Sample preparations are using dry ash techniques. Sample analysis is using Atomic Absorption Spectrophotometer (AAS). Questionnaires were distributed among catfish purchaser for demographic data. Heavy metal concentrations were compared using One Way ANOVA (SPSS v.18).

Results: The results demonstrate the presence of Cd, Pb and Cu concentrations inside the *Clarias gariepinus*. The mean concentration of Cd was 0.060 mg/kg, Pb was 0.195 mg/kg and Cu was 2.554 mg/kg. Generally, the concentration of Cd, Pb and Cu were ranging from 0 to 0.232, 0.004 to 0.736 and 0.332 to 6.072. The health risk assessment was conducted for both male and female. Hazard Index obtained from three studied heavy metal were below than one (HI<1).

Conclusion: In a conclusion, overall concentration of Cd, Pb and Cu were lower than national and international standards. However, only Pb concentration was slightly higher than European Community Standard. After the health risk assessment was conducted to each three studied heavy metals, the consumer in Selangor area were safely consume the African catfish (*Clarias gariepinus*).

Keywords: Heavy Metals, African catfish, Risk Assessment