

Declaration by Student

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**EXPOSURE LEVEL TO PARTICULATE
MATTER ≤ 2.5 (PM_{2.5}) FOR THE
PASSENGER AT KTM COMMUTER
PLATFORM IN KL SENTRAL STATION**

NURUL SYARIAH BINTI SHAFIIN

Student Signature

Project submitted in fulfilment of the requirements for the

degree of

Bachelor (Hons.) of Environmental Health And

Safety

Faculty of Health Sciences

JULY 2015

Declaration by Student

Project entitled Exposure Level to Particulate matter ≤ 2.5 (PM2.5) for the passenger at KTM Platform in KL Sentral Station is a presentation of my original research work. Wherever contributions of others are involved, every effort is made to indicate is clearly, with due reference to the literature, and acknowledgment of collaborative research and discussions. The project was done under guidance of Mr. Megat Azman Megat Mokhtar as Project Supervisor. It has been submitted for the Degree of Bachelor in Environmental Health and Safety (Hons).

Accepted to be evaluated by:

Student Signature

(Mr Megat Azman Megat Mokhtar)



(Nurul Syariah Binti Shafiiin)

Date: 3.7.2015 2011647738

921114-03-5268

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Bismillahirrahmanirrahim,

Assalamualaikum and Alhamdulillah. All praise to Allah S.W.T the Most Gracious and Most Merciful for giving me the health, strength and the confidence as I can complete my study successfully.

First and foremost, I would like to thanks to my supervisor, Mr Megat Azman Megat Mokhtar for valuable guidance, help, encouragement and advice during my study period. His effort allow me to keep in right track for the whole study. All of the advice, support and encouragement really help me in my study and research as well as in writing this thesis. I am really appreciate all of his advice and support for me to complete this study.

I would like to express my deep gratitude to Keretapi Tanah Melayu Berhad (KTMB), for giving me permission to conduct me to conduct my study at KTM Komuter platform in KL Sentral. Without permission from them, my study cannot be completed.

Besides, thanks to the laboratory staffs, especially Mdm Maziah for the great help for me by providing all necessary laboratory instrument such DustTrak and WBGT.

And of course honourable mention goes to my beloved family who always support and advise me. The most appreciation to my beloved mother Faridah bt Che Yusoff, my sisters who always support and believe in me. All of their understanding and support allow me to keep going forward and not give up in the middle. Not to forget, thanks to all my friends. Without helps of the particular that mentioned above, I would face many difficulties while conducting this study.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE	19
ACKNOWLEDGEMNT	i
TABLE OF CONTENT	ii
LIST OF TABLE	v
LIST OF FIGURE	vi
LIST OF PLATE	vii
LIST OF APPENDICES	viii
LIST OF ABBREVIATION	ix
ABSTRACT	x
CHAPTER ONE: INTRODUCTION	
1.1 Background Information	1
1.2 Problem statement	5
1.3 Study Justification	6
1.4 Research Questions	6
1.5 Study Objectives	7
1.5.1 General Objective	
1.5.2 Specific Objectives	26
1.6 Study Hypothesis	7
1.7 Conceptual Framework	8
1.8 Conceptual Definition	9
CHAPTER TWO: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Relationship between particulate matter and vehicle public transportation	29 10
2.1.1 Particulate matter and transportation system weekdays and weekend	10
2.1.2 Air quality and public transportation	11
2.2 Waiting time for public transport	13
2.3 Airborne particle at weekdays and weekend	14
2.4 Rush hour and concentration of particulate matter (frequency of train)	15
2.5 Human health and particulate matter	16

Abstract

Exposure Level to Particulate matter ≤ 2.5 (PM2.5) For The Passenger at KTM Waiting Area in KL Sentral Station

Nurul Syariah Binti Shafii (2011647738)

Transportation systems are one of the main factors for urban development. Public transportation is one of the air pollution contributors. Increase of public transport cause increasing of air pollutant such particulate matter $\leq 2.5\mu\text{m}$. People may expose to air pollution when breathing the air. KTM Komuter is one of the famous transportation among people in Kuala Lumpur and Selangor. Thus, KTM Komuter's passenger may expose to PM2.5 not only during commuting but also during waiting. Thus a study on the concentration level of PM2.5 in the platform area was conducted. The aim of the study is to identify concentration level of PM2.5 at KTM Komuter waiting area. The study was conducted at KTM Komuter platform area in KL Sentral for 10 hours monitoring. The concentration of PM2.5 was measured using DustTrak in January 2015. The measurement was taken for 10 hour for each sampling day. The statistical analysis is done using Statistical Package for Social Science version 18.0. From the study, the result found the average concentration of PM2.5 is $51.18\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ (weekday). There is significance difference between concentration of PM2.5 during peak hour and non-peak hour ($p\text{-value}=0.001$) and also between morning peak hour and evening peak hour ($p\text{-value}=0.001$). The study was found that there is moderate strong positive correlation ($r=0.766$) between PM2.5 concentration and relative humidity (weekdays). Meanwhile the exposure concentration of PM2.5 also show the highest exposure is during morning peak hour ($15.33\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$) for weekdays. However KTM Komuter's passenger only expose to $5.33\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ if they wait for 15 minutes during evening peak hour. The lowest exposure concentration is during non-peak hour which is $3.55\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ even though the passenger wait longer than in peak hour (30 minutes). As a conclusion the concentration of PM2.5 was related to the frequency of train and also the relative humidity at KTM Komuter waiting area.

Keywords: public transport, KTM Komuter, PM2.5, relative humidity