



**DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING SURVEYING  
FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE, PLANNING AND SURVEYING  
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

**IMPLEMENTATION OF FACILITIES FOR DISABLE PEOPLE  
CASE STUDY- GOVERNMENT BUILDING IN SELANGOR**

**This academic project is submitted in partial fulfillment of the  
requirement for the Bachelor of Building Surveying (Hons.)**

**MUHAMMAD RUSLAN BIN CHE NORDIN  
(2006211852)**

**APRIL 2009**

**DEPARTMENT OF BUILDING SURVEYING  
FACULTY OF ARCHITECTURE, PLANNING AND SURVEYING  
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

**IMPLEMENTATION OF FACILITIES FOR DISABLE PEOPLE  
CASE STUDY- GOVERNMENT BUILDING IN SELANGOR**

**"I hereby declare that this academic project is the result of my own research except for the quotation and summary which have been acknowledged"**

**STUDENT'S NAME : MUHAMMAD RUSLAN B CHE NORDIN**

**SIGNATURE :**

**UITM NO : 2006211852**

**DATE : 1 JUNE 2009**

## ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First and foremost, I would like to thank Allah for His blessing and His will to enabling me to finish this Academic Project II (BSB 658)

Besides that I would like to express my deepest gratitude especially to my supervisor, Mrs Nurul Fadzila Zahari who had helps me by assisting me to carry out this dissertation. I also wanted to record my gratitude to all municipal council staff and all parties who involve that gave me the good cooperation until complete this dissertation.

Last but not least to my family, friends and also lecturer for their support and suggestion in completing this dissertation. Thank you.

## ABSTRACT

Disable people is defined as stated in Building Regulation are people with a physical impairment that limit their ability to walk or makes them dependent on a wheelchair for mobility or impaired sight or hearing. As registered in the Malaysia Society Welfare Department, there are 220,250 individuals who are considered as person with disabilities until 30 Jun 2008. This study objective is to determine disable regulations, to compare the regulation of disable people with facilities provided in government building and to determine the awareness of public toward disable facilities in Government Building by questionnaire method. Primary data in this study been collected by questionnaire, interview, observation and case studies and secondary data been collected from books, newspaper, magazines, journals and internet findings. The major finding, conclusion and recommendation also discussed in Chapter 5. Hopefully, this study will be as guideline to municipal council to design the facilities for disable person and to improve public awareness and alert toward this facilities.

