

## THE FACTOR LEAD TO WOMEN'S PARTICIPATION RATE TOWARDS LABOR FORCE IN ASIA DEVELOPING COUNTRIES

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#### **DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK**



# BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION WITH HONOURS (ECONOMICS) FACULTY OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA "DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK"

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#### Hereby, declare that:

- This work has not previously been accepted in substance for any degree, locally or overseas, and is not being concurrently submitted for this degree or any other degrees.
- This project-paper is the result of my independent work and investigation, except where otherwise stated.
- All verbatim extract have been distinguished by quotation marks and sources of my information have been specifically acknowledged.

Signature: Miggewati Date: 18 June 2019

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#### **ABSTRACT**

There are many assumptions and study that the researcher found of women participation in the labor force. Therefore this study determine the factor of women participation in labor force in Asian developing countries with socio-economic factors, using panel analysis of data covering between 1997 and 2016 whereby Software use to test the data Stata SE 12, to know the relationship effect for independent variables wage and salary female rate, GDP Gross Domestic Product per capita growth and unemployment female rate and dependent variable women labor force participation rate. The analysis on this study shows that dependent and independent explanatory variables negative significant relationship between Wage and salary rate (WSW) and women Labor Force Participation rate (FLFPR). The negative significant relationship between unemployment rate (UNEMP) and women Labor Force Participation rate (FLFPR). The positive insignificant relationship between Gross Domestic product (GDP) and women Labor Force Participation rate (FLFPR).

**Keywords:** Female labor force participation, GrossDomestic Product per capita (GDP), Wage and salary rate, Unemployment rate