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Redefining the Practice of Teaching and Learning

E-PROCEEDING

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Language Learning with Copacabana

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Abstract

Songs and music in the classroom are known to be attractive and act as a valuable teaching tools in language learning. They can be fully utilized to help students improve on various skills of the language. Thus, an action research in the classroom was developed to allow students to practice on the various language skills through a song. The purpose of this study was to develop activities in the classroom that integrate the four major language skills through the use of a song. Using the song entitled *Copacabana* by Barry Manilow, this study explored some possible ways in enhancing language learning in all the four major language skills basically grammar, reading, listening and speaking. Through a survey that was carried out, this approach received positive feedbacks from the students. It was observed that students were more responsive and attentive in class when using this approach. Thus, integrating songs into language learning serves not only as an effective teaching tool, but it provides a positive learning experience for students.

Keywords: songs, language skills, tertiary level

Introduction

As we are now venturing into the different educational approaches in this technological era, songs have remained to be a valuable tool in language teaching and learning. Many researchers agree that using songs in language classroom can help to motivate learners and make learning environment become more interesting. Songs have been a valuable tool in language learning at different levels of students. However, songs have normally been used in the classroom to teach a certain language skill and few studies have been carried out to examine the effectiveness of a lesson in which one song is utilized and integrated into the learning of all the language skills in a classroom. Therefore, this study aims at developing activities that integrate the four major language skills through the use of a song in the classroom at the tertiary level.

Background of Study

This study is an action research in which activities were formulated in teaching English by using songs to adult learners at the tertiary level. The study was initiated to facilitate students' learning in English language course which is a prerequisite for the students before they proceed to the following semesters. In this higher institution, students are required to take English course in the first three semesters of their studies. This study was conducted with the first semester students as they have to undergo listening, reading, writing and speaking skills in the course. From the researcher's observation, many students found it challenging to overcome their lack of proficiency in use of language and this has affected their level of motivation in learning. Therefore, songs were brought in as a tool to assist students in language learning and to help increase their motivation in the classroom. Language activities were created using songs and the exercises prepared helped to increase students' communicative and creative skills, thus assisting and improving students' motivation and performance in language learning.

Literature Review

Research has shown that using songs in a classroom brings many benefits to the students. First of all, songs serve as an effective tool in supporting students' understanding in learning a language, thus it also helps them in improving their proficiency in the language (Ludke, 2016). In a study by Ainul Azmin Md Zamin & Nor Azrul Hardy Adzmi & Maslawati Mohamad (2020), students have shown improvement in their vocabulary skills through the use of songs in the classroom as new words were found in the song lyrics. Using songs in the classroom can also bring in a more relaxing setting in learning English.

Copyright © 2020 Virtual Symposium on Teaching and Learning (VSTL2020) e-proceeding. Dolean (2015) has found that music and songs help to decrease student's anxiety level, thus provide the benefits of improving their wellbeing.

Methodology

This study was carried out in a classroom of 25 students from semester 1 Diploma level from the Faculty of Applied Science at a higher institution. The lesson took two hours to complete, in which a song was utilized to create exercises in reading, listening, writing and speaking. The song that was used for this particular study entitled Copacabana by Barry Manilow which was released in 1978. It is an old song and it is purposely selected by the researcher as students were not familiar with the lyrics. The activities during the two-hour lesson were divided into two parts. In each part, the strategy of the lesson was explained, followed by a display of the task, students' output, language skills involved and the duration of the task. A summary of the activity is given in table 1.

Table 4

| | Table 1 | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| | | ule for Copacabana | | | | | | |
| NO | TASK | OUTPUT | LANGUAGE SKILLS | DURATION | | | | |
| PAR | PART 1 – THE FIRST HALF OF THE SONG IS PLAYED | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Listen to the song and | Written notes | Listening | 5 minutes | | | | |
| | try to understand what | | | | | | | |
| | the song is about. Take | | | | | | | |
| | note of the characters, | | | | | | | |
| | and the place of the scene and the story. | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Answer the following | Verbal | Speaking / | 15 minutes | | | | |
| 2 | questions about the | responses | Listening | 10 minutes | | | | |
| | song. | 103001303 | Listering | | | | | |
| | 1. How many | | | | | | | |
| | characters are there in | | | | | | | |
| | the song? | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Name the main | | | | | | | |
| | characters? | | | | | | | |
| | 2. Where does the | | | | | | | |
| | scene take place? 3. What is the | | | | | | | |
| | profession of the | | | | | | | |
| | characters? | | | | | | | |
| 3 | In groups, predict the | Written | Reading and | 40 minutes | | | | |
| | ending of the story in the | paragraph/short | writing | | | | | |
| | song. | essay | a | | | | | |
| | Discuss and write the | Dala alau | Speaking | | | | | |
| | ending of the story. OR | Role play presentation | | | | | | |
| | Discuss and role play | presentation | | | | | | |
| | your prediction of the | | | | | | | |
| | story. | | | | | | | |
| PAR | 2 – THE SECOND PART | OF THE SONG IS F | | | | | | |
| 4 | Play the song and sing | Singing | Speaking | 5 minutes | | | | |
| | together. | | | | | | | |
| | Listen to the actual | | | | | | | |
| 5 | ending of the song Students fill in a gap- | Crommor and | \//riting | 15 minutes | | | | |
| Э | filling exercise on | Grammar and vocabulary | Writing | 15 minutes | | | | |
| | grammar and vocabulary | exercises | | | | | | |
| | based on the lyrics of the | 0.01010000 | | | | | | |
| | song. | | | | | | | |
| 6 | In groups, create a | Group | Speaking | 40 minutes | | | | |
| | different style to singing | presentation | | | | | | |
| | the song (eg: rap) and | | | | | | | |
| | present it. | | | | | | | |

After the activities were carried out, a short and simple survey was given to all the 25 students involved to find out their perceptions of the lesson. There were two parts of the survey in which part A comprised of the demographic profile which was made up of 2 items while Part B consisted of 5 items of a five-

Copyright © 2020 Virtual Symposium on Teaching and Learning (VSTL2020) e-proceeding. point Likert scale (1- strongly agree (SA), 2- agree (A), 3- not sure (NS), 5- disagree (D), and 5- strongly disagree (SD)). The data were analyzed by using descriptive analysis.

Results

Using songs in language learning classroom such as Copacabana has brought in positive feedbacks from the students. The result of the survey is shown in Table 2.

| Table 2 | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-----|-----|----|--------|----|--|
| Students'perception on using a song in the classroom | | | | | | | |
| No | Question | SA | А | NS | D | SD | |
| 1 | I like doing writing tasks by using a song in the classroom | 64% | 36% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 2 | I like doing listening by using a song in the classroom | 72% | 24% | 4% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 3 | I like doing reading comprehension exercises by using a song in the classroom. | 72% | 28% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 4 | I like practicing on my speaking by using a song in the classroom. | 80% | 20% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 5 | I like learning new words through songs | 76% | 34% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 6 | I like doing grammar exercises based on a song played in the classroom | 60% | 32% | 8% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 7 | I like learning English through songs | 92% | 8% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 8 | Using a song helps me to relax in learning English | 88% | 12% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |
| 9 | I like the song Copacabana | 56% | 44% | 0% | 0 % | 0% | |

From the results, using songs in language classroom has brought in positive responses from the students. This study is in line with other studies which have shown that songs serve positively as a useful tool in language classroom as it assists students to increase their proficiency, interest and motivation in learning English (Ainul Azmin Md Zamin & Nor Azrul Hardy Adzmi & Maslawati Mohamad, 2020; Romero, 2017; Dolean, 2016; Ludke, 2016;). In addition, introducing songs from the past to the younger generation also provides a different outlook and new appreciation towards music.

Conclusion

This study has provided input on how a song can be used in an English language classroom at the tertiary level to teach the four major language skills: reading, writing, speaking and listening. It is shown that songs work as a powerful tool in language learning and one song can be used in learning numerous language skills. Having songs as a teaching aid to learning English can help students to increase their proficiency and motivation levels. It provides a path to students in learning new words and gaining understanding in the language. Therefore, it is recommended that more songs from the past are selected as teaching tools in language learning. Further research can be carried out on the effectiveness of using songs in language learning particularly on the cognitive and affective levels of students at the tertiary level.

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