



**EFFECT ON SWEEP VOLUME ON COOLING USING
PUMPING MECHANISM BASED DEVICE**

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JULY 2016

“I declare that this thesis is the results of my own work except the ideas and summaries which I have clarified their sources. The thesis has not been accepted for any degree and is not concurrently submitted in candidature of any degree”

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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Firstly, I would like to express my thanks, appreciation and my greatest gratitude to Merciful God, Allah S.W.T. as for blessings and mercy for giving me strength and spirit to complete this final year project and my study in Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering (Manufacturing) (Hons) at Universiti Teknologi MARA, Pulau Pinang. You are always there for me to pray and asked for help whenever and wherever I needed.

First and foremost, I would like to express my appreciative thanks to my family and friends were always supported my effort and being understanding of everything I have done. Then the special thanks you to my supervisor Ir Sh Mohd Firdaus bin Sh Abd Nasir and my partner project, Nor Maisarah bt Maswan who gave their encouragements, moral support, and guidance during completing the experiments testing in order to complete my final year project.

Finally, I would like to say that it will be the wonderful an invaluable experience for me in finished this final year project where it can teach me for the reality of engineering field by stay up at the midnight and sometimes the project planning does not work well as an expected. Therefore, hopefully whatever I have done for my final year project can guide myself to be motivated and competitively for the real work future. Thanks you so much.

ABSTRACT

Synthetic jet had been used as electronic cooling method that used diaphragm movement to initiate air flow through orifice. Synthetic jet was designed to overcome the problem of heat generated due to the increasing number of electronic component in a device. Miniaturization of electronic device has promising future of synthetic jet due to its advantage on space constraint. The performance of synthetic jet was affected by the fabrication of its design parameter such as driving frequency, size of cavity and orifice dimension. In this study, the synthetic jet was model using SolidWorks CAD software. The CAD file was converted to STL file for 3D printing fabrication process. Five different swept volumes were fabricated from $1.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$ to $6.28 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$. Experiment was conducted to characterize heat removal and air velocity for each model. Driving frequencies were varied from 300 Hz to 700 Hz with three different heights. The performance of each model was measured based on the temperature of heater and the air velocity produce by synthetic jet. Result shows that at 500 Hz driving frequency has maximum amplitude which leads to resonance frequency of the piezo diaphragm. Furthermore, as the volume decrease, the heat transfer coefficient and the air velocity is increased. So, the volume $1.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$ was the optimal model synthetic jet for heat removal. Maximum heat transfer coefficient is $277.91 \text{ W/m}^2\cdot\text{°C}$, at frequency 500 Hz, for $1.26 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^3$ volume at 3 cm distance to heater surface.