WASTE CHARACTERISTICS AT SEMELING DUMP SITE: A CASE STUDY

By

MOHAMAD NOOR HAKIM BIN ABDUL RAHMAN

Report is submitted as The requirement for the degree of Bachelor Engineering(Hons) (Civil)

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA APRIL 2007

DECLARATION BY THE CANDIDATE

I <u>(Mohamad Noor Hakim bin Abdul Rahman, 2003479361)</u> confirm that the work is my own and that appropriate credit has been given where reference has been made to work of others.

eni (.....)

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

In The Name of Allah, The Most Beneficient and The Most Merciful. All Praises to Allah, God of The Universe and Peace be Upon His Messenger.

Thanks to the mighty Allah.

My gratitude to my Project Advisor, Mr. Mohamed Ali bin Abdul Karim, lecturer of Faculty of Civil engineering, Univesiti Teknologi Mara Pulau Pinang, who offered assistance, comments, suggestion, recommendations, and encouragements in ensuring the successful completion of this thesis proposal.

I wish to express special thanks to Majlis Perbandaran Sungai Petani (MPSPK) officers, Mr Sarudin B Darus, Mr Amran B. Abdul Hamid and Mr Mohd Amin B Basri for their willingness to assist me and give me the valuable information regarding this study.

I would also like to express my gratitude to all my friends who had been involved directly or indirectly while the study was undertaken.

Especially to my beloved family, thanks for their encouragement, motivation and support during my period study in UiTM.

To all, May Allah blesses you.

ABSTRACT

This study is to determine the waste characteristics at Semeling Dump site, Sungai Petani in terms of physical and chemical characteristics. Municipal solid waste composition studies are essential for proper management of waste for a variety of reasons including a need to estimate materials recovery potential, to identify sources of component generation, to facilitate design of processing equipment, to estimate physical, chemical, and thermal properties of the wastes, and to maintain compliance with local, state, and national regulations. The most important reason is to maintain the good environment quality. The composition of generated waste is extremely variable as a consequence of seasonal, geographic and local legislation impacts. A methodology was developed for conducting a composition study for solid waste component in order to determine the physical and chemical characteristics. The methodology has been divided into three phases, which data collection, representative sampling and analysis of data. The major component of municipal solid waste is food waste which is consist 33%, followed by plastic 26% and paper 17%. Carbon and oxygen are the major composition of the solid waste. The characteristics of solid waste are significantly depending on the cultural habit of the public, standard living and season.

Keywords: Solid Waste, Composition, Physical, Chemical, waste generate rates, recovery material.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

AKNOWLEDGEMENTS LIST OF FIGURE LIST OF TABLE		i
		iv
		v
СНА	APTER	PACE
1	INTRODUCTION	THUE .
	1.1 Background Study	1
	1.2 Problem Statement	5
	1.3 Objective	9
	1.4 Scope of Work	10
	1.5 Research significant	11
2	LITERATURE REVIEW	
	2.1 General	12
	2.2 Definition of waste	17
	2.3 Waste	19
	2.4 Characteristics of waste	22
	2.4.1 Generation rates	22
	2.4.2 Composition of waste	24
	2.4.3 Moisture Content	27