

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**EFFECTS OF MATERIAL AND
INFILL DENSITY TOWARDS
ADJUSTABLE HEADREST
ORTHOSIS DEVELOPMENT BASED
ON 3D PRINTING TECHNOLOGY**

MADYA MASTIKA BINTI AHMAD

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfilment
of the requirements for the degree of
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AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this dissertation was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the results of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This dissertation has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

Name of Student : Madya Mastika binti Ahmad

Student I.D. No. : 2017626408

Programme : Master of Science (Mechanical Engineering) –
EM703

Faculty : Mechanical Engineering

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Adjustable Headrest Orthosis Development Based On
3d Printing Technology

Signature of Student :

Date : March 2020

ABSTRACT

In recent years, there has been a number of noteworthy improvements and considerable advances in the medical management of cerebral palsy (CP). Children with spastic or dyskinetic CP struggle to stand still and they spend most of their time seated, spending most of their time in a wheelchair. Therefore, a suitable headrest to maximize independence and functionality in sitting position, is a good addition. This study aims to analyze the effects of material properties and infill density in selected 3D printing material in an adjustable headrest for total body involvement in CP children as well as to determine the material used to fabricate the adjustable headrest in addition to fabricate the adjustable headrest using the chosen material in a 3D printer. The headrest is designed as a curved headrest with lateral support by means of three-point lateral control and affixed with a head strap for temporal support. It is subjected for use with children with age range from seven to nine years and limited to a five types of 3D printing materials namely ABS (Acrylonitrile Butadiene Styrene), Nylon (Polyamide), PETG (Polyethylene Terephthalate), PC (Polycarbonate) and PLA (Polylactic Acid). A Computer Aided Design (CAD) software is utilised in the design process and subsequently the final design is analysed using the Finite Element Model (FEA). A selection of 20%, 40%, 60% and 80% of infill density is applied as well as increment of pressure magnitudes of 5 kPa, 10 kPa, 15 kPa, 20 kPa and 25 kPa to predict the safety of the product at higher impact load. PLA is selected as the final material as it has the optimum value in stress, deformation and safety factor parameters.

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Allah planned. And Allah is the best of planners (Al-Imran 3:54)

With his grace, I would like to thank the almighty for realizing my dream to finalized my Master's degree. It has been ten years in the making. With His grace I am now absolved.

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Disclaimer: No blood, sweat and tears were spilled during the completion of the dissertation. However a copious amount of coffee were consumed along the duration, in combination with the background noise of a franchise set a long time ago in a galaxy far, far away.

May The Force Be With You.

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