# FACTORS INFLUENCING PURCHASE INTENTION TOWARDS LUXURY COUNTERFEIT PRODUCTS – A CASE STUDY OF LECTURERS AND DEGREE STUDENTS IN UITM ARAU, PERLIS

### MUHAMMAD AIMAN IZ'AAN BIN MOHD LEE 2016534721

Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirement for the Bachelor of the Business Administration (Hons.) Marketing

FACULTY OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA PERLIS

**JANUARY 2020** 

## BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (HONS.) MARKETING FACULTY OF BUSINESS AND MANAGEMENT UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA PERLIS

#### **DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK**

١,	MUHAMMAD	AIMAN IZ'AAN	I BIN MOHD	LEE, IC N	UMBER: 931	111146287

#### Hereby declared that:

- This work has not previously been accepted in substance for any degree, locally or overseas, and is not being concurrently submitted for these degrees or any other degree
- This project-paper is the result of any independent work and investigation, except where otherwise stated
- All the verbatim extracts have been distinguish by quotation marks and sources of my information have been specifically acknowledged

Signature:	Date :	

#### **TABLE OF CONTENT**

		Page		
DECLARATION				
LETTER OF SUBMISSION				
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT				
CONTENT				
LIST OF TABLE				
LIST OF FIGURE		хi		
ABSTRACT		xii		
CHARTER 4	INTRODUCTION			
CHAPTER 1	INTRODUCTION			
1.1	Background of the study	1		
1.2	Problem Statement	2		
1.3	Research Question	3		
1.4	Research Objective	4		
1.5	Significance of Study			
	1.5.1 Marketers	4		
	1.5.2 Businesses	4		
	1.5.3 Researcher	4		
1.6	Scope of Study	5		
1.7	Limitation of the study			
	1.7.1 Different scope	5		
	1.7.2 Scope are limited to the organization	5		
	1.7.3 Time	6		
	1.7.4 Type of product	6		

CHAPTER 4	DATA ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS	
4.1	Introduction	24
4.2	Response Rate	24
4.3	Data Cleaning Analysis	25
4.4	Frequency Analysis	25
4.5	Reliability Analysis	
	4.5.1 Summary of reliability coefficient	27
	4.5.2 Result of reliability coefficient	28
4.6	Descriptive Analysis	29
4.7	Pearson Correlation Analysis	31
	4.7.1 Rule of thumb	30
	4.7.2 Pearson's correlation analysis	30
4.8	Regression Analysis	31
4.9	Result of Hypotheses	33

#### **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of this study is to determine whether denial of responsibility, denial of injury, denial of victim and appeal to higher loyalties are the variables that influence purchase intention towards luxury counterfeit products. The population used in this study were the lecturers and degree students at Universiti Teknologi Mara Arau, Perlis. Sampling technique used was stratified sampling with a total sample of 341 respondents which is consists of 305 students and 36 lecturers. The data collection used was questionnaire method. Frequency distribution analysis, factor analysis, descriptive analysis, reliability analysis, Pearson's correlation analysis and regression analysis was used as an analytical technique. Research results show that denial of responsibility, denial of injury, denial of victim and appeal to higher loyalties affect purchase intention towards luxury counterfeit products. All those variables are found to be significant for this study. For future research, the researchers should enlarge the sample size to answer questionnaire at the other universities in Malaysia or public people. It is because the finding will be precise and represent overall population in Malaysia. Larger sample size important as the research can be generalized for the whole study. Similar study must be taken for other samples. Large sample size important because can regulate whether the result is supported or not supported. Finally, In the future research, researcher may conduct the same research with the same dependent variable and independent variables, but they are suggested to include moderator and mediator. This is to identify whether the research is influence by other factors or not. Hence the result will be more accurate.