## A STUDY ON SECTION 75 OF CONTRACTS ACT 1950: ESSENTIALITY OF PROVING 'ACTUAL LOSS' IN EFFECTUATING CONSTRUCTION LIQUIDATED DAMAGES CLAUSE

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The student/authors confirm that the work submitted is their own and that appropriate credit has been given where reference has been made to the work of others.

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## **ABSTRACT**

Malaysia has been a successful developing country and is forging ahead to become a developed nation in its own mould. In order to be more successful, the internal development must progressively expand to be at par with international standing. Hence, it is vital for Malaysia to have an effective law governing the contractual relationship specifically in construction and employment fields. A major challenge it has to address in this endeavour is the uncertainties with regard to the application of liquidated damages pursuant to Section 75 of Contracts Act 1950. Basically, this research aims to identify whether actual loss needs to be proven before an aggrieved party can effectuate the provisional clause as laid in the contract. These aims is achieved by an adaptation of doctrinal and empirical research methodologies whereby all primary and secondary sources including legal books, journals, articles, cases, and also interviews with learned practical respondents from various legal fields. To impart thorough discussions and resolutions for this research, the application of liquidated damages in three different countries i.e., India, Singapore and Australia, are also reviewed. The outcome of this research shows that there is indeed a need for Section 75 to be amended or at the very least, the initial contractual terms itself should be re-evaluate so as to promote certainty. Thus, this research finding will indubitably regain the confidence of contracting parties dealing with liquidated damages and also will reduce the possibly of conflicts for the courts to resolved.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Abstra Table	owledgement act of Contents Statutes		ii iii iv vii			
List of	Cases		vi			
CHAI	PTER ONE:	PROPOSAL				
1.0	Research Backgro		. 1			
1.1	Problem Statemen		4			
1.2	Research Questio		5			
1.3	Research Objective		6 7			
1.4	Literature Review					
1.5	Research Method	ology	18			
1.6	Scope of Study Limitations	ì	20			
1.7 1.8		and a	21			
1.9	Significance of St Provisional Plan	ludy	22 23			
СНАІ	PTER TWO:	APPLICATION OF LIQUIDATED DA MALAYSIAN PERSPECTIVES	MAGES IN			
		WALATSIAN TERSFECTIVES	5.			
2.0	Overview		24			
2.1	History	1 071 11 15	24			
2.2	_	nd of Liquidated Damages in Malaysia	24			
2.2	_	Law on Liquidated Damages	26			
		court's decision prior Selva Kumar's case Case: Selva Kumar	26			
		Case: Selva Kumar Court's Decision Post Selva Kumar's case	28 30			
			30			
		ment Graph	34			
CHAI		ment Graph				
СНАІ	2.2.4 The Judge	ment Graph	34 ON THE			
<b>CHAI</b> 3.0	2.2.4 The Judge	ment Graph  A COMPERATIVE STUDY OF APPLICATION OF LIQUIDATED DA	34 ON THE			
	2.2.4 The Judge	ment Graph  A COMPERATIVE STUDY OF APPLICATION OF LIQUIDATED DA	34 ON THE MAGES IN			
3.0	2.2.4 The Judge PTER THREE:  Overview India Singapore	ment Graph  A COMPERATIVE STUDY OF APPLICATION OF LIQUIDATED DA	34 ON THE MAGES IN			
3.0 3.1	2.2.4 The Judge PTER THREE:  Overview India	ment Graph  A COMPERATIVE STUDY OF APPLICATION OF LIQUIDATED DA	34 ON THE MAGES IN  36 37			

СНА	PTER FOUR:	ANALYSIS OF RESOLUTIONS	RESEARCH	FINDINGS	AND	
4.0	Overview				49	
4.1	Interview Findin	Interview Findings				
4.2	Resolutions				52	
	ography ndices				56	
Appe LAD	59					
Appe: Sched	60					
Appe Stand	61					
Appe: Stand	67					
Appe: Stand	71					
Appe: Stand	75					
Appe Stand	78					
Appe Stand	83					
	ndix 9: lard Form of Build	ing Contract – P.W.D	FORM 203A (R	ev. 2007)	87	
	•					