# DETERMINATION OF PHENOL IN WASTEWATER SAMPLE BY USING HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC)

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### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

		Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS TABLE OF CONTENTS LIST OF TABLES		iii iv vi
	Γ OF FIGURES	vii
LIST	Γ OF ABBREVIATIONS	viii
ABS	STRACT	X
ABS	TRAK	xi
CHA	APTER 1 INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Background	1
1.2	Problem statement	4
1.3	Significance of study	4
1.4	Objectives of study	5
CHA	APTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Phenol	6
	2.1.1 Sources of phenol	10
2.2	High Performance Liquid Chromatography (HPLC)	13
	2.2.1 Types of chromatography column	15
	2.2.2 Reversed phase chromatography	16
2.3	Solid Phase Extraction (SPE) for wastewater sample	17
2.4	Isocratic elution	19
CHA	APTER 3 METHODOLOGY	
3.1	Chemical and apparatus	27
3.2	Preparation of standard stock solution	27
3.3	Preparation of sample (wastewater) using	28
	solid phase extraction (SPE)	
3.4	Analysis using HPLC	30
3.5	Optimization of flow rate	31
CHA	APTER 4 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	
4.1	Effect of flowrate	33
4.2	Method of validation	35
	4.2.1 Calibration curve of standard phenol	35
	4.2.2 Limit of detection (LOD)	36
	4.2.3 Limit of quantification (LOQ)	36
	4.2.4 Precision and accuracy	37

4.3	Extraction of phenol from wastewater sample using SPE procedure	37
4.4	Detection of phenol in spiked wastewater sample	39
_	PTER 5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
5.1	Conclusion	41
5.2	Recommendations	41
CITED REFERENCES		43
APPENDICES		48
<b>CUR</b>	RICULUM VITAE	59

#### **ABSTRACT**

## DETERMINATION OF PHENOL IN WASTEWATER SAMPLE BY USING HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC)

The presence of phenol in water is risky to living organism as the toxicity effect causes the long-term exposure. In this research, the analysis was accomplished on a C18 column with UV-Vis detector (HPLC-UV) for determination of phenol in wastewater water while the solid phase extraction (SPE) is used as sample preparation technique. Five mL of load sample was used as the optimized variable in SPE while 0.75 mL/min was used as flow-rate on eluent in HPLC. The analytical method was validated according to the following parameter, which are precision, linear range, limit of detection (LOD), and limit of quantitation (LOQ). A good linear correlation coefficient with  $R^2$ = 0.9991 was observed over the range of 3.05 to 30.0 µg/mL. The limit of detection was calculated to be 0.41 µg/mL, while the limit of quantitation value of the validated method was measured to be 1.37 µg/mL. Good recoveries were obtained in the range between 90 to 120%. In conclusion, the proposed method was found to be appropriate and accurate for the determination of phenol in wastewater by using HPLC.