

**STUDY ON POPULATION OF SYNANTHROPIC FLY IN  
UITM NEGERI SEMBILAN, KUALA PILAH CAMPUS**

**SITI ZULAIFAH BINTI ABDULLAH**

**BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (Hons) BIOLOGY  
IN THE FACULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCES  
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

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This Final Year Project Report entitled “**Study on Population of Synanthropic Fly in Universiti Teknologi MARA, Negeri Sembilan**” was submitted by Siti Zulaifah binti Abdullah, in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons) Biology, in the Faculty of Applied Sciences, and was approved by

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Pn. Syazuani Binti Mohd Shariff  
Supervisor  
Faculty of Applied Sciences  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
Pekan Parit Tinggi,  
72000 Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan

---

Pn. Sarini Binti Ahmad Wakid  
Project Coordinator  
Faculty of Applied Sciences  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
Pekan Parit Tinggi,  
72000 Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan

---

Dr. Nor'aishah Binti Abu Shah  
Head of School of Biology  
Faculty of Applied Sciences  
Universiti Teknologi MARA  
Pekan Parit Tinggi,  
72000 Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

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## ABSTRACT

### STUDY ON POPULATION OF SYNANTHROPIC FLY IN UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA, NEGERI SEMBILAN

The study on population of synanthropic fly in Universiti Teknologi MARA Negeri Sembilan, Kuala Pilah campus was done at three different sites; at a food outlet (site A), at academic building (site B), and at administration building (site C). The objectives of this study are to estimate the population of synanthropic flies at three different sites and to identify the species of synanthropic flies which exist in UiTM Negeri Sembilan, campus Kuala Pilah. The study included two weeks of sampling duration in November to December 2014. Four type of synanthropic fly species were found which are *Musca domestica*, *M. sorbens*, *Chrysomya megacephala*, and *Lucilia cuprina* with total of 935 individuals caught. They are from two family, Muscidae and Calliphoridae. *M. domestica* was found as the most prevalent species at all three sites; site A (88.6%), site B (97.57%) and site C (98.9%). It is followed *C. megacephala*; site A (9.46%), site B (2.43%) and site C (1.1%). The least population is *L. cuprina*, (0.65%) which is only found in site A and another species that only found in site A is *M. sorbens* (1.29%)