

AN INTERROGATIVE STUDY ON FACTORS AFFECTING LANGUAGE ANXIETY IN ESL CLASSROOM

NUR SHAKILA IZZATI BINTI RUSLI 2010897478

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NUR SHAKILA IZZATI BINTI RUSLI

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UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA FAKULTI PENDIDIKAN

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LATIHAN ILMIAH INI DIKEMUKAKAN UNTUK MEMENUHI SEBAHAGIAN DARIPADA SYARAT UNTUK MEMPEROLEHI IJAZAH SARJANA MUDA PENDIDIKAN DALAM PENGAJARAN BAHASA INGGERIS SEBAGAI BAHASA KEDUA (TESL) DENGAN KEPUJIAN

PUAN MUNIRAH BINTI MOHD IZAM PENYELIA

14.7-2014

PROF.DR.HAJI. MOHD MUSTAFA BIN MOHD GHAZALI

TARIKH

DECLARATION

I hereby declare	that the work in the	his academic o	exercise is my	own except for the
citatio	ons and summaries	s that I have q	uoted the source	ces from

14/67/2014 Date

Nur Shakila Izzati binti Rusli (2010897478)

PENGAKUAN

Saya akui bahawa kerja ini adalah hasil kerja saya sendiri kecuali nukilan dan ringkasan yang telah saya nyatakan sumbernya.

14/07/2014 Tarikh

Nur Shakila Izzati binti Rusli

(2010897478)

ABSTRACT

This study aimed to investigate the anxiety level of ESL students towards speaking English in ESL classrooms, looking at different programs and gender. Guided by four research objectives and four research questions, this study has employed a descriptive research design using both the quantitative and qualitative methods for data gathering and analysis. The subjects for this study consisted of 48 students: 24 TESL students and 24 INTEC students. ELAS results indicated that TESL students exhibited a slightly higher anxiety level as compared to INTEC students. Secondly, the findings revealed that fear of negative evaluation and other people's perceptions are the most notable factors affecting language anxiety in ESL classrooms. Thirdly, the findings showed that role-playing spontaneously and writing work on the board are the activities that cause high anxiety among ESL students. It was found that most of them dealt with language anxiety by growing confidence. Overall, it can be concluded that the results seemed to be contradicted to theories and the previous studies conducted in different settings. Discussions and recommendations based on the findings were made at the end of this study.