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*Merungkai Potensi:
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Maklumat Dalam Dunia
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*"Selamat Ke Kita Ni?":
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PERJUANGAN YANG BERTERUSAN

Arabic as The Key to Knowledge, Civilization and Global Peace: Its Role in Religion, Nation, State and International Affairs

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Arabic is not merely a tool for communication; it represents a heritage of knowledge, cultural sophistication, and international cooperation. With its wide reach across diverse regions, Arabic holds significant importance in shaping religious understanding, educational systems, and global interaction.

The strength of Islamic civilization historically grew in tandem with the development of Arabic as a scholarly language. This linguistic foundation enabled the transmission of ideas and learning across cultures, laying the groundwork for scientific and philosophical growth in both the Islamic world and Europe.

Today, Arabic extends its relevance beyond religion, permeating economic activities, political discourse, and advancements in science and technology. Many international agreements and collaborations rely on Arabic during their initial phases due to its prominence in specific geopolitical regions.

Arabic as a Language of Knowledge and Academia

From the 8th to 13th centuries, Arabic functioned similarly to Latin in Europe, serving as the medium for intellectual pursuit and scientific progress. Renowned scholars from the Islamic Golden Age contributed significantly to global knowledge through Arabic works that were later translated and studied across continents.

Many historical manuscripts written in Arabic continue to be preserved in global academic repositories, highlighting the language's legacy in shaping universal education. Early European universities often used Arabic texts in subjects such as mathematics and medicine, reflecting their reliance on Islamic scholarly contributions.

Educational centers in the Islamic world excelled due to their efforts in translating ancient works into Arabic. This made them centers of learning that attracted students and scholars from across regions, reinforcing Arabic's identity as a universal academic language.

Arabic's Influence on the Malay Language

The Malay language has been deeply enriched by Arabic vocabulary, especially within religious and scholarly contexts. This linguistic infusion reflects centuries of interaction between the Islamic and Malay worlds.

Classical Malay manuscripts were primarily written using the Jawi script, a writing system heavily influenced by Arabic. This adoption underscores the cultural and religious importance of Arabic in the literary history of the Malay world.

Moreover, many Islamic concepts and legal terms in Malay are derived directly from Arabic, highlighting the close linguistic and theological ties between the two traditions.

The Importance of Arabic in Islamic Education

In Islamic education across Southeast Asia, Arabic plays a central role as the main language of instruction for key religious texts. Students equipped with Arabic fluency are better prepared to understand foundational Islamic teachings and become scholars and educators within their communities.

Mastery of Arabic allows for deeper engagement with the Quran, Hadith, and other religious sources, enhancing students' ability to contribute to religious discourse and uphold Islamic traditions in a rapidly changing world.

The Role of Arabic in National Development

Arabic language skills have opened doors for economic growth, particularly through trade and investment opportunities between Malaysia and Arab nations. Fluency in Arabic has become a valuable asset in sectors such as energy, tourism, and higher education.

The increasing number of students from Arab countries studying in Malaysia has also contributed to cultural exchange and the development of educational institutions.

In real estate and other investment sectors, Malaysians proficient in Arabic have been able to explore business ventures in Gulf nations, capitalizing on growing market demand and mutual cultural understanding.

Arabic as a Diplomatic Language

Arabic remains a key language in international diplomacy, especially in matters involving the Middle East. Treaties and negotiations are frequently initiated in Arabic, reflecting its centrality in regional and global dialogue.

Fluency in Arabic has empowered Malaysian diplomats and representatives to play more effective roles in international organizations and peace efforts, particularly concerning Muslim-majority nations.

International agencies with a focus on Islamic diplomacy often require personnel fluent in Arabic, underlining the language's strategic value in fostering cooperation and mutual understanding across borders.

The language of Arabic combines religious meaning with its role as a transmission tool for knowledge while it explains both economic affairs and diplomatic practices worldwide and civilizations. Modern times show expanding Arab influence regarding Islamic scholarship together with national development and international relations.



أَكْرِي
Akre



سُورَان
Soran



بَيْخَال
Bekhal

هَرِير
Harir

THE
STARTING
POINT
OF ALL
ACHIEVEMENT
IS

DESIRE.

- Napoleon Hill