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**THE EFFECTIVENESS OF SITE VISITS
AMONG QUANTITY SURVEYING STUDENTS
IN UITM SERI ISKANDAR**

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment
of the requirement for the award of
Bachelor of Quantity Surveying (Honours)

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ABSTRACT

Given that the field of Quantity Surveying is a practical profession that is no longer meets the traditional teaching method at higher education levels, it is essential for the educational institution to appropriately adopt an innovative learning approach, teaching, and assessment towards the students (Seifan, Dada, and Berenjian, 2020). It has been reported that not all students who come to class have a great knowledge of the subject matter they are about to study. Thus, the teacher must acknowledge the students to grasps the significance of the subject (Owolabi, 2017). According to (Cheng et al., 2017), it is necessary to obtain practical experience instead of gaining knowledge only from textbooks. A site visit is seen to be essential for the student to increase their understanding of the related subjects. Students can increase their experience of the working environment in the construction site. Students can see the construction technology and the construction process on-site rather than virtual learning in class (Nyamapfene, 2012). However, there are a few constraints for the student to have a proper site visit due to the poor planning and preparation of the university administration. There are such: lack of administrative resources and preparation challenges; financial pressures for students and site visit trip; limited local site location; environmental factors; and certain teachers' inability to participate (Seifan et al., 2020). Therefore, the aim of this research to study the effectiveness of site visits among degree students of Quantity Surveying in UiTM Seri Iskandar. The objective of this research is to explore the effectiveness of site visits, to identify the barrier in conducting site visits, and; to propose ways to overcome the barrier of conducting site visits. A quantitative method of research is performed using questionnaires as a tool for data collection. All data had been analysed using descriptive analysis and presented in rankings. The respondents are among degree students of Quantity Surveying from UiTM Seri Iskandar. The outcomes of this study are to understand the factors that affect the level of effectiveness of site visits. The

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CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The first chapter aims to introduce the context of this research, which studies the Effectiveness of Site Visits Among Quantity Surveying Students in UiTM Seri Iskandar. There are 8 parts to be discussed in this chapter which are:

- i) Background Study
- ii) Problem Statement
- iii) Research Questions
- iv) Research Aim and Objectives
- v) Scope of Study
- vi) Research Limitation
- vii) Research Methodology
- viii) Summary