TRAINING TRANSFER: THE IMPACT OF EMPLOYEE CHARACTERISTICS AND BEHAVIOURAL CHANGE ON EMPLOYEE PERFORMANCE



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OCTOBER 2011

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3. Acknowledgements

This study on "Training Transfer: The Impact of Employee Characteristics and Behavioral Change on Employee Performance" would not have been possible if not for the generous financial support and kind understanding of RMI, University Technology MARA (UiTM). Also, special thanks to the Dean of the Faculty of Hotel and Tourism Management for his encouragement to staff members to be active in research.

Grateful thanks to the frontline employees who participated in this study, the human resource management group that allowed me to collect data at their site, and the administrators who took the time to help make the data collection a very smooth process. I could not have succeeded without the care and support from all. Thank you to all others who have assisted in one way or another to this study.

5.3 Introduction

Establishing and maintaining relationship with customers is of paramount importance to success in tourism and hospitality industry.

Frontline employees play a critical role in linking tourism and hospitality firms with customers and thus in maintaining long-term relationships (Kusluvan, 2003). Successful service firm have invested resources into programs in order to increase their employees' performance and job satisfaction (cf. Karatepe, Uludag, Menevis, Hadzimehmedagic, & Baddar, 2006). According to Singh (2000), frontline employees are still undertrained, underpaid, and overworked. In apparent recognition of this, tourism and hospitality managers need to seek effective ways to be able to enhance the performance and job satisfaction of frontline employees (Karatepe et al. 2006).

Reviewing the marketing literature, there are extensive number of empirical studies that have been investigated the effects of various organizational variables on frontline employee or salesperson performance and job satisfaction (Brown & Peterson, 1994; G. A. Churchill, Jr., Ford, Hartley, & Walker, 1985). Nevertheless, less empirical attention has been paid to the effects of individual characteristics, and effort on performance (Brown & Petterson, 1994; Krishnan, Nanetemeyer, & Boles, 2002). This is also applicable in the tourism and hospitality literature, particularly, very little known about the effects of individual characteristics on frontline employee performance in tourism and hospitality literature. Moreover, research has not directly investigated how employees' characteristics effect on work performance.

In addition, we were interested in investigating the moderating effect of changed behaviour on the employees' characteristics-job performance