



**UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA**

**USER INTERFACE DESIGN FOR OPEN AND  
CLOSED LOOP CONTROL SYSTEM**

**MOHD IDZHAM BIN ABDUL WAHAB**

Thesis submitted in fulfilment of the requirements  
for the degree of  
**Bachelor of Engineering (Hons) Electrical Engineering**

**Faculty of Electrical Engineering**

January 2017

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

### **In the name of Allah, the Beneficent and the Merciful**

In the great name of Allah and with His Grateful for making this project successful and end it with Goodness. I believed without His guidance this project would not able to complete as planned. There are so many things that I learned during this project after faced by so many obstacles and challenges.

I would like to acknowledge the most important person for always gives me advice, guidance, constructive criticism and helpful comments. That person I mention above is my supervisor, Madam Zuriati binti Janin . I am very grateful for her contributions and support to me.

Besides that, I would like special thanks to Wan Nurhusna Auni Binti Sulaiman, an ex-student from Uitm Shah Alam who willing to help me with his immense knowledge on LabVIEW software despite with tight schedules. I also wish to express my gratitude to all my friends who always provide their valuable help in every way. My heartfelt thanks to my family for always support me during the time ups and downs.

I also want to express my appreciation to the coordinator of FYP2, Dr. Nor Farahaida as well the lecturers and the staff of Faculty of Electrical Engineering, Universiti Teknologi MARA campus Shah Alam. Lastly, I would like to extend my special thanks to everybody that helped me directly or indirectly for the past few months.

## ABSTRACT

The purpose of this paper is to develop user interface design for open and closed loop control system. The development of the system is accomplished via G-programming language potentialities of LabVIEW™ version 2011 running on ACER Intel Core™ i5-6200U 2.3GHz with Turbo Boost up to 2.8GHZ, 8GB DDR4 computer with Window10 Home operating system. This system is designed as a teaching and learning aid for the air pressure control trainer model SOLTEQ SE121 which installed at the Process Control Laboratory, Faculty of Electrical Engineering, UiTM Shah Alam. The system developed will help students to understand more about open and closed loop control system.

*Keywords- LabVIEW; User Interface Design; Open Loop; Closed Loop; Control System; Zeigler Nichols*

# TABLE OF CONTENT

APPROVAL .....	i
DECLARATION.....	ii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.....	iii
CHAPTER 1.....	1
INTRODUCTION .....	1
1.1    PROJECT BACKGROUND .....	1
1.2    PROBLEM STATEMENT.....	2
1.3    OBJECTIVES .....	2
1.4    SCOPE OF WORK .....	3
1.5    THESIS OUTLINES .....	3
CHAPTER 2.....	5
LITERATURE REVIEW .....	5
2.1    SOFTWARE.....	5
2.2    ACQUIRING DATA AND PROCESSING SIGNAL.....	7
2.6    LABVIEW FRONT PANELS AND BLOCK DIAGRAM .....	8
2.7    OPEN LOOP SYSTEM.....	8
2.8    CLOSED LOOP SYSTEM.....	9
2.9    PROCESS MODEL.....	11
2.10   PROPORTIONAL INTEGRAL DERIVATIVE CONTROL.....	13
2.11   RELATED WORK.....	13
CHAPTER 3.....	23
METHODOLOGY .....	23
3.1    INTRODUCTION .....	23
3.2    FLOW CHART OF PROJECT.....	24
3.3    SYSTEM DESIGN .....	25
CHAPTER 4.....	28
RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS .....	28
4.1    INTRODUCTION .....	28
4.2    USER INTERFACE FOR OPEN AND CLOSED LOOP CONTROL SYSTEM.....	29
4.3    OPEN LOOP SYSTEM.....	31

# **CHAPTER 1**

## **INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 PROJECT BACKGROUND**

Process control can be defined by which task done by industries to produce desired output by regulating the input along the process. Basically, major process control can be found in all complex system such as mechanical, electrical, chemical or even biological. It also can be found in continuous production industries that produce mass production of consistence product such as paper production, oil refining, steel manufacturing, power plant and many more.

In this context, computer is used to regulate the process to achieve the desired output. Corrective action can be done when all the values is compared with set-point data through feedback system which resulting the error, and necessary output result is displayed on the system [1]. The important main components of a control system are sensors, a controller and a final control element which seeks to maintain the measured process variable (PV) at set point (SP) of unmeasured disturbances (D) [2].