UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA (UiTM)

ASSESSMENT OF BIOPHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF HUMAN SKIN FOLLOWING TOPICAL APPLICATION OF MARINE SEAWEED

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ABSTRACT

Seaweeds are plant-like organisms which received great attention as they were reported to possess various potential benefits such as antioxidant, antimicrobial, anti-proliferative and others. For this reason, Kappaphycusalvarezii of the red seaweeds was selected for further investigations to study its benefits on biophysical parameters of the human skin. In this study, a cream formulation containing 3% w/w aqueous extract of K. alvarezeii was prepared. The cream was characterized in terms of its mean droplet size, rheology, texture, pH, stability and sun protection factor (SPF) properties. Following that, a panel study comprising of 20 panelists were carried out to assess the effect of K.alvarezeii cream on the skin elasticity, hydration and transepidermal water loss (TEWL) over a 6-hour application on the volar forearm area. The mean droplet size of the cream was found to be \sim 15 μ m with a pH of mildly acidic (pH 3.9). The cream showed elastic feature, which indicated its good spreadability for application on the skin. However, there were no significant improvements of the studied biophysical parameters in comparison to the placebo cream (without the active). In conclusion, the K. alvarezii has potential for further investigations for cosmetic purposes with formulation some improvements.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Marine algae are plant-like organisms which attached to rock or any other hard substances in coastal areas. Marine algae can be divided into three types, which are red, brown and green algaes. The most commercially used marine algae is red algae which is *Kappaphycusalvarezii* refrom as *Eucheumacottoni*. *Kappaphycusalvarezii* are from family of Solieriaceae and genus of Kappaphycus. Recently they receive attention as they have the antioxidant property. Besides that, they also possess nutraceutical potentials such as antimutagenic, anticoagulant, anticancerous and antibacterial activity. For this reason, various kind of cosmetic were developed which include the marine algae as the active ingredient.

Skin is the largest organ and one of the defensive systems in the body. It functions as barrier to outside environment or the harmful substance from entering the body besides prevent loss of water and regulation of body temperature. Skin mainly composed of three layers which are epidermis, dermis and subcutaneous layer. The outermost layer is formed by epidermis layer which act as barrier to prevent invasion of many type of organism and substances (Clara, Isabel and Miriam).