

Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA

FACILE SYNTHESIS OF NiCo SUPPORTED SILICA RICE HUSK CATALYST

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Final Year Project Proposal Submitted in Partial Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Chemistry Applied In The Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA This Final Year Project Report entitled "Facile Synthesis of NiCo Supported Silica Rice Husk Catalyst" was submitted by Che Anisha Binti Che Rasikin in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Applied Chemistry, in the Faculty of Applied Sciences, and was approved by

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ABSTRACT

FACILE SYNTHESIS OF NiCo SUPPORTED SILICA RICE HUSK CATALYST

The research project aims to develop an environmentally friendly method for synthesizing NiCo using rice husk-derived silica. The research project aims to develop NiCo that can be prepared using the sol-gel method. However, the sol-gel method for producing NiCo catalysts faces challenges like agglomeration at high temperatures and limiting catalytic activity. Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) and Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM-EDX) will characterize the synthesized catalysts to determine composition, morphology, and structure. The shape of RH-NiCo particles showed that they did not stick together as much. FTIR showed how much SiO₂ was in RH-NiCo. It also showed that Ni-O and Co-O were stretching waves at a frequency of 665.01 cm⁻¹ in RH-NiCo. Furthermore, the weight values of Ni in RH-Ni and RH-NiCo were 1.25 wt% and 1.12 wt%, respectively. RH-Co had 0.17 wt% and RH-NiCo had 0.56 wt%. This shows that silica has an impact on the concentration of nickel and cobalt in RH-NiCo. However, silica generally helps NiCo grow, which is why the properties of RH-NiCo were successfully confirmed.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| | | Р | Page |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|------|
| ABSTF ABSTF ACKN TABLF LIST C LIST C LIST C | RACT RAK OWLEDGEMENTS E OF CONTENTS OF TABLES OF FIGURES OF SYMBOLS | i ii ii | i |
| LISIC | JF ABBREVIATIONS | 1 | V |
| СНАР | FER 1: INTRODUCTION | | |
| 1.1 | Background | 1 | |
| 1.2 | Problem Statement | 4 | |
| 1.3 | Research questions | 5 | |
| 1.4 | Objectives | 5 | |
| 1.5 | Significance of Study | 6 | |
| 1.6 | Expected Outcomes | 7 | , |

CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW

| 2.1 | Rice Huks (RH) | 8 |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|----|
| | 2.1.1 Silica | 12 |
| 2.2 | Nickel (Ni) | 15 |
| 2.3 | Cobalt (Co) | 16 |
| 2.4 | NiCo | 17 |
| 2.5 | Types of silica sources to synthesize NiCo | 18 |
| 2.6 | Method to Synthesize NiCo | 20 |
| | | |

CHAPTER 3: METHODOLOGY

| 3.1 | Raw Materials | 23 |
|-----|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 3.2 | Chemicals | 23 |
| 3.3 | Methods | 23 |
| | 3.3.1 Extraction of Silica From RH | 24 |
| | 3.3.2 Preparation of RH-Silica | 24 |
| | 3.3.3 Preparation of monometallic Ni | 25 |
| | 3.3.4 Preparation of monometallic Co | 26 |
| | 3.3.5 Preparation of bimetallic Ni and Co | 26 |
| 3.4 | Sample Characterization | 26 |
| | 3.4.1 Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) | 27 |
| | 3.4.2 Scanning Electron Microscopy and Energy Dispersive X-ray (SEM-EDX) | 27 |
| 3.5 | Experimental designs/ Flow chart of the methodology | 28 |
| 3.6 | Gantt Chart | 29 |

CHAPTER 4: RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

| 4.1 | Appearance of SiO2, RH-Ni, RH-Co and RH-NiCo | 30 |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----|
| 4.2 | Fourier-Transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR) Analysis | 31 |
| 4.3 | Scanning Electron Microscope and Energy Dispersive X-ray (SEM-EDX) Analysis | 34 |

CHAPTER 5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS

| 5.1 | Conclusion | 46 |
|------------------|-----------------|----|
| 5.2 | Recommendations | 47 |
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| CITED REFERENCES | | |

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