## UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA FACULTY OF ACCOUNTANCY

# A STUDY ON AUDIT LAG IN FINANCIAL REPORTING OF SARAWAK LOCAL AUTHORITIES

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#### ABSTRACT

This study presents and discusses the accounts preparation lags and audit lags of Sarawak local authorities. The importance of timely financial reporting by local government is as important as the private sector as the usefulness of information depends on it.

The objectives of this study is to investigate the duration of time taken by auditors to prepare and certify the annual accounts of Sarawak local authorities, to determine whether the trend of both lags have improved over time, to present statistical evidence on both lags as well as to provide recommendations in improving the financial reporting of Sarawak local authorities.

The study was conducted by document analysis and statistical investigation. It is revealed that the Sarawak local authorities still take quite a long time to prepare and certify their annual accounts and the trend of the accounts preparation lags and audit lags did not show a consistent trend in preparing and certifying the accounts. The multiple regression shows that the hypotheses are opposite from what was expected.

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## Chapter One INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 BACKGROUND OF STUDY

The usefulness of information depends on its timeliness, reliability and comprehensibility. Timeliness has been recognised as one of the important characteristics of financial statements by the professional bodies, regulatory authorities, financial analysis, investors and managers and the academics (Hossain and Taylor, 1998). The usefulness of the information disclosed in annual reports will decline as the time lag increases. The primary benefit of audited financial statements may not be decision usefulness but the discipline imposed by timely confirmation of previously available information. Bamber, Bamber and Shoderbeck, (1993) referred audit lag as the number of days between the client's fiscal year-end and the audit report date. The importance of timely financial reporting by local governments is as much recognisable as the financial reporting by the private sector. The timeliness of financial reporting is materially impacted by the audit function because the financial statements cannot be issued until the audit is concluded.

Throughout the world, public sector audit offices are directed by statute to report periodically the results of their independent reviews of government operations (Schlachter, 1994). Their reports can help legislators exercise more informed oversight of government. Given the rapid growth in population and increasing rate of urbanisation, local government finance has assumed increasing importance in local government management. This is because financial management determines the efficiency and effectiveness of local authorities operations. Such financial management will ensure that funds are collected, allocated and disbursed in an efficient manner. Due to this the financial reports of local government acknowledge how they manage the public fund entrusted to them. However, it is not possible to release the financial reports unless the Auditor General does not certify it as accurate. Therefore, as commented by Hossain and