PRELIMINARY SCREENING OF ALKALOIDS BY USING THIN LAYER CHROMATOGRAPHY (TLC) ANALYSIS ON SELECTED FRUIT'S PEELS, in vitro ROOTS OF Archidendron pauciflorum AND Eurycoma longifolia.

NUR FARAH IZZATI YUSRI

Final Year Project Report Submitted in Partial Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Biology in the Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA

JULY 2018

This Final Year Project Report entitled "**Preliminary Screening of Alkaloids by Using Thin Layer Chromatography Analysis (TLC) On Selected Fruit's Peels,** *in vitro* **Roots of** *Archidendron pauciflorum* and *Eurycoma longifolia*" was submitted by Nur Farah Izzati binti Yusri, in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Science (Hons.) Biology, in the Faculty of Applied Sciences, and was approved by

> Dr. Rosli Noormi Supervisor Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Cawangan Negeri Sembilan, Kampus Kuala Pilah 72000, Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan

Lili Syahani Rusli Coordinator Project FSG661 AS201 Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Cawangan Negeri Sembilan, 72000, Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan Dr. Aslizah binti Mohd Aris Head of Biology School Faculty of Applied Sciences Universiti Teknologi MARA Cawangan Negeri Sembilan, 72000, Kuala Pilah, Negeri Sembilan

Date _____

TABLE OF CONTENTS

			PAGE
ACI	iii		
TAI	iv		
LIS	T OF TA	vi	
LIS	T OF PL	vii	
LIS	T OF AF	BBREVIATIONS	viii
ABS	STRACT	[ix
ABS	STRAK		Х
CH	APTER	1: INTRODUCTION	
1.1	Backg	round Study	1
1.2	Proble	m Statements	2
1.3	Signifi	cance of the Study	2
1.4	Object	ives of the Study	3
CHA	APTER	2: LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Alkalo	ids	4
2.2	Thin-L	5	
2.3	Selecte	ed Fruit's Peels	
	2.3.1	Papaya	6
	2.3.2	Banana	7
	2.3.3	Dragon fruit	8
	2.3.4	Watermelon	9
	2.3.5	Honeydew	11
2.4	Selecte		
	2.4.1	Tongkat Ali	12
	2.4.2	Djengkol Beans	13
CHA	APTER	3: METHODOLOGY	
3.1	Materia	als	
	3.1.1	Raw materials	15
	3.1.2	Chemicals	15
	3.1.3	Apparatus	15
3.2	Metho	d	
	3.2.1	Preparation of samples	16
	3.2.2	Extraction of alkaloids	16

	3.2.3	Detection of alkaloids	17	
CHA	APTER 4	: RESULT AND DISCUSSION		
4.1	Compa	rison between different solvent ratios	18	
4.2	2 Detection of alkaloid from <i>in vitro</i> roots			
	4.2.1	Short waves UV lamp	22	
	4.2.2	Long waves UV lamp	24	
4.3	3 Detection of alkaloids from fruit's peels			
	4.3.1	Short waves UV lamp	27	
	4.3.2	Long waves UV lamp	28	
CHA	APTER 5	5: CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	32	
CIT	CITED REFERENCES			
APPENDICES				
CUF	CURRICULUM VITAE			

ABSTRACT

PRELIMINARY SCREENING OF ALKALOIDS USING THIN LAYER CHROMATOGRAPHY (TLC) ANALYSIS ON SELECTED FRUIT'S PEELS, in vitro ROOTS OF Archidendron Pauciflorum AND Eurycoma longifolia.

Plant has been used to treat many diseases due to one of its compound contained which is alkaloids that exhibit many pharmacological effects. Since alkaloids has crucial effect on treating cancer diseases, this experiment is conducted by using the samples of selected fruit's peels which are papaya (Carica papaya), banana (Musa acuminate), honeydew (Cucumis melo), watermelon (Citrullus lanatus) and dragon fruit (Hylocerous polyrhizus) and in vitro roots of Tongkat Ali (Eurycoma longifolia) and Djengkol beans (Archidendron pauciflorum). This experiment is conducted to detect the presence of alkaloids in all these samples, to identify which of the solvent ratio that can exhibit the best result and to compare the presence of alkaloids between fruit's peels and in vitro roots. TLC is being applied in this experiments as it is inexpensive and easy for the separation of compound. The TLC method was performed with four differences ratio of running solvents which were 4:1, 3:2, 2:3 and 1:4. From this experiments it shows that Tongkat Ali contains many alkaloids compared to the Djengkol beans with the present of Unknown alkaloids A, B, C, D, E, H and 9-methoxycanthin-6-one with Rf value of 0.42, 0.53, 0.78, 0.84, 0.97, 0.92 and 0.83 respectively. While in Djengkol beans, the alkaloids that has been found were Unknown D and E with Rf value were 0.84 and 0.97 respectively. For fruit's peels, peels of papaya, watermelon and Honeydew shows the higher present of alkaloids. The alkaloids present in papaya's peels were Unknown I, J, K and R with Rf value of 0.28, 0.55, 0.92 and 0.66 respectively. Meanwhile, for the sample of banana's peels, alkaloids that were present were Unknown L, M and N with Rf value of 0.62, 0.7 and 0.9 respectively. From honeydew's peels, alkaloids present were Unknown O, P, Q and S with the Rf value of 0.25, 0.37, 0.48 and 0.96 respectively. For watermelon's peels, alkaloids present were Unknown L, M, K and T with Rf value of 0.65, 0.7, 0.92 and 0.74 respectively. Dragon fruit's peels has the present of alkaloids which was Unknown K with Rf value of 0.92. From four different ratio of solvent (Chloroform: Methanol), the ratio of 4:1 exhibit the best result. As conclusion, alkaloids were present in all these samples The ratio of 4:1 solvent exhibit the best result for both type of samples which were fruit's peels and in vitro roots. From this experiments, all the results that has been obtained can be shared with others through the publication of journal.