## UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

# AN ANALYSIS OF GOAL SCORED THAT DIFFERENTIATE BETWEEN WINNING AND LOSING TEAM IN THE KNOCKOUT STAGE OF THE UEFA EURO CHAMPIONSHIP 2016 

By<br>ANUARUL AMIR BIN RAMLI

Research Project Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Sports Science (Hons.)

Faculty of Sports Science and Recreation

January 2017

## DECLARATION

## BACHELOR OF SPORTS SCIENCE (HONS)

## FACULTY OF SPORT SCIENCE AND RECREATION UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

I, Anuarul Amir Bin Ramli (I/C Number: 940615065901 ) hereby declare that: This work has not previously been accepted in substances of any degree, locally or overseas and not being concurrently submitted for any degrees.

This project is the result of my independent work and investigation, except where otherwise stated, I absolve Universiti Teknologi Mara (UiTM) and faculty of Sport Science and Recreation from any blame as result of my work.

All originality extracts have been distinguishes by quotations marks and sources of my information have been specifically acknowledged.

Signature


IC No : $\underline{9400615065901}$

UiTM ID : $\underline{2014564197}$

Date $\quad: 31 / 1 / 2017$


#### Abstract

This study was conducted in order to analyze goal scored that differentiate between winning and losing team in the knockout stage of UEFA EURO championship 2016. 15 match starts from round 16 to final match were selected to be observed. The indictor include for this analysis were the goal scoring area, goal scoring time, type of shot used to score goal and the position of the scorer. Mann Whitney test used to see the significant of this study. For goal scoring area, the highest frequency of goal scoring is at low left area between winning (Mean $\pm$ SD), $(0.80 \pm 0.676)$ and losing $(0.07 \pm 0.258),(Z$ $=-3.350, \mathrm{p}<0.05$ ). The mean rank of winning team is higher than losing team with ( 20.07 vs. 10.94 ). The second indicator is goal scoring time, the highest frequency of goal scoring time is at 31-45 minutes between winning (Mean $\pm \mathrm{SD}),(0.53 \pm 0.640)$ and losing $(0.00 \pm 0.000),(Z=-2.958, \mathrm{p}<0.05)$. For the Mean rank the winning team show the higher result compare to the losing team ( 19.00 vs .12 .00 ). Thirdly type of shot used to score goal, the highest frequency of type of shot used to score a goal is header between winning (Mean $\pm$ SD), $(0.53 \pm 0.743)$ and losing $(0.07 \pm 0.258),(Z=-2.163$, $\mathrm{p}<0.05$ ). The results of Mean rank of winning team have higher compare to losing teams ( 18.07 vs. 12.93 ). Moreover, the highest frequency of pitch area where the ball was score is at the middle area between winning (Mean $\pm \mathrm{SD}),(1.67 \pm 0.976)$ and losing $(0.47 \pm 0.640),(\mathrm{Z}=-3.407, \mathrm{p}<0.05)$. Mean rank show that the winning team have higher results compare losing team ( 20.07 vs. 10.30 ).Lastly, the highest frequency of position of the scorer is at inside box area between winning (Mean $\pm \mathrm{SD}),(1.73 \pm 1.100)$ and losing $(0.40 \pm 0.632),(\mathrm{Z}=-3.379, \mathrm{p}<0.05)$. The results for mean rank show that, winning team have higher mean compare to losing team (20.67 vs. 10.33 ).


## TABLE OF CONTENT

PAGE
ACKNOWLEDGE ..... ii
TABLE OF CONTENT ..... iii
DECLARATION ..... v
LIST OF TABLE ..... vi
LIST OF FIGURE ..... vii
ABSTRACT ..... viii
CHAPTERS

1. INTRODUCTION ..... 1
1.1 Background of the study ..... 1
1.2 Problem statement ..... 4
1.3 Research question ..... 6
1.4 Research objective ..... 7
1.5 Hypothesis ..... 8
1.6 Significance of study ..... 12
1.7 Delimitation ..... 13
1.8 Definition of term ..... 13
2. LITERATURE REVIEW ..... 15
2.1 Introduction ..... 15
2.2 Performance analysis ..... 18
2.3 Feedback ..... 19
2.4 Hand notational and video analysis ..... 21
3. METHODOLOGY ..... 23
3.1 Introduction ..... 23
3.2 Indicators ..... 23
3.3 Research design ..... 24
3.4 Sampling ..... 24
3.5 Instrumentation ..... 25
3.6 Data collection procedure ..... 25
3.7 Selected performance indicators ..... 26
4. RESULTS ..... 30
4.1 Introduction ..... 30
4.2 Normality of data ..... 31
4.3 Descriptive data ..... 34
4.4 Inferential statistic ..... 37
5. DISCUSSION ..... 70
5.1 Introduction ..... 70
5.2 Discussion ..... 70
5.3 Conclusion ..... 74
5.4 Recommendations ..... 77
REFERENCES ..... 78
APPENDICES ..... 81
