| BEHAVIOUR OF REINFORCED CONCRETE   | BEAM  | WITH  | SILIC | CA  |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----|
| FUME UNDER STATIC LOAD WITH W/C RA | TIO O | F 0 3 | 04 (  | ) 5 |

A report submitted to MARA University of Technology in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor Engineering (Hons) (Civil) in the Faculty of Civil Engineering.

Presented by:

ABD RAHIM BIN ABDUL RAFFAR
Faculty of Civil Engineering
MARA University of Technology
Shah Alam
Selangor Darul Ehsan
MALAYSIA

I hereby declare that this report has not been submitted, either in the same or different form, to this or any other university for a degree and except where reference is made to the work of others, it is believed to be original.

(ABD RAHIM BIN ABDUL RAFFAR)

## **ABSTRACT**

The purpose of the study is to investigate the high strength concrete beam which compressive strength is 60 N/mm2. The reinforced concrete beam is mixed to various water-cement ratios where 15% of silica fume for adding due to cement-replacement (weight). The experiment is to study the behavior of reinforced concrete beam under static load with respect to the serviceability and ultimate limit strength. An experimental program is set-up and three beams have been tested. The load is applied in two-point load onto singly reinforced concrete beam. The deflection automatically gives the measurement of crack width, and crack length. The crack width and crack length at each step loading are observed during the process. This study needs a lot of analysis of crack and design of the reinforced concrete beams which containing silica fume and varies water cement ratios.

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

| Contents                    | Page |
|-----------------------------|------|
| ACKNOWLEDGEMENT             | i    |
| TABLE OF CONTENTS           | ii   |
| LIST OF SYMBOLS             | vii  |
| LIST OF TABLES              | ix   |
| LIST OF FIGURES             | X    |
| LIST OF PLATES              | xi   |
| LIST OF GRAPHS              | xii  |
| ABSTRACT                    | xii  |
| ok.                         |      |
| CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION      | 1    |
| 1.1 Objectives of Study     | 2    |
| 1.2 Scope of Study          | 2    |
| CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW | 3    |
| 2.1 Silica Fume             | 3    |
| 2.2 High Strength concrete  | 3    |
| 2.3 Failure of Concrete     | 4    |

| Contents   | Page |
|--|------|
| 2.4.0.0.4:   | 4    |
| 2.4 Deflection   | 4    |
| 2.4.1 Behavior of the flexural member under deflection | 5    |
| 2.4.2 Method of computing deflection                   | 5    |
| 2.4.2.1 Deflection under static loading ( Short Term)  | 6    |
| 2.5 Cracking   | 8    |
| 2.5.1.Cracking phenomenon under static load            | 8    |
| 2.5.2 Cracking mechanism                               | 10   |
| 2.5.3 Method of computing crack width                  | 11   |
| 2.5.3.1 Crack Width Under Static Loading               | 12   |
| CHAPTER 3 METHODOLOGY                                  | 13   |
| 3.1 Mix of concrete                                    | 13   |
| 3.1.1 The workability of concrete                      | 13   |
| 3.1.1.1 Factor Affecting Workability                   | 14   |
| 3.1.2 Compressive Strength of Concrete                 | 16   |
| 3.1.2.1 Type of mixing                                 | 16   |
| 3.1.2.2 Age test and curing condition                  | 16   |
| 3.1.3 Durability of concrete                           | 17   |
| 3.1.4 The mix design process                           | 17   |