THE MDAB STUDENTS' READING ATTITUDES AND THEIR ACADEMIC READING PERFORMANCE



RESEARCH MANAGEMENT INSTITUTE (RMI) UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA 40450 SHAH ALAM, SELANGOR MALAYSIA

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LETTER OF OFFER (RESEARCH GRANT)





Surat Kami

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Tarikh

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Ketua Projek

Pn Affidah Morni

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- Bagi pihak Universiti kami mengucapkan tahniah kepada Y. Brs. Prof./tuan/puan kerana kejayaan ini dan seterusnya diharapkan berjaya menyiapkan projek ini dengan cemerlang.
- Peruntukan kewangan akan disalurkan melalui tiga (3) peringkat berdasarkan kepada laporan kemajuan serta kewangan yang mencapai perbelanjaan lebih kurang 50% dari peruntukan yang diterima.

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Untuk tujuan mengemaskini, pihak Y. Brs. Prof./tuan/puan adalah diminta untuk melengkapkan semula kertas cadangan penyelidikan sekiranya perlu, mengisi borang setuju terima projek penyelidikan dan menyusun perancangan semula bajet yang baru seperti yang diluluskan. Sila lihat lampiran bagi tatacara tambahan untuk pengurusan projek.

Sekian, harap maklum,

"SELAMAT MENJALANKAN PENYELIDIKAN DENGAN JAYANYA"

Yang be

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5.0 Report

5.1 Proposed Executive Summary

This study is conducted to investigate MDAB students' general reading attitudes. It also aims to discover the relationship between the students' academic reading performance with their reading attitudes. This study sets out to determine that if students practice good reading habits, the habits will eventually help them in dealing with the ESL reading, writing and speaking components for BEL011-The Introductory English course offered to Part 1 students of Pre-Commerce Programme, thus produce favourable academic reading, writing and speaking results. At the same time, it also sets out to investigate whether the students' academic reading performance is solely influenced by their reading attitudes or otherwise.

The subjects of the study will consist of 400 MDAB students from January to April 2011 intake and May to October 2011 intake at UiTM Sarawak, Samarahan Campus. The data for this study will be collected via questionnaire which is adapted from Yamashita's Reading Attitudes in L1 and L2 and their Influence on Extensive Reading Questionnaire (2004). The questionnaire is aimed to seek feedback from the students on their general attitudes towards reading. The questionnaire employs the 5 point Likert-scale that measures the degree of agreement or disagreement of the respondents. The data obtained from the questionnaire will be coded and analyzed using the Statistical Package for Social Science (SPSS).

The research design in this study is descriptive in nature. The descriptive data will be described through frequency distributions. The quantitative data are to be analyzed in terms of their reliability and correlations. It is necessary to look into correlations to determine the relationship between the independent variables (students' reading attitudes) and the dependent variables (students' academic reading performance). To ensure the reliability of the questionnaire, the inter-item consistency reliability is tested by looking into the Cronbach's coefficient alpha. In addition, the data from the questionnaires will also be supported with data gathered from the semi-structured interview.

It is hoped that the findings of the study will be a useful point of reference for further discussions on ways to establish relevant designs, planning, remedial and preventive measures in language learning. The findings will also help guide UiTM in its noble aspiration to change the destiny of these students, to consider the factors that may contribute to the failure of achieving the objectives of this MDAB programme.

5.3 Introduction

This section features the main aspects of conducting a study on students' attitudes towards reading for pleasure. There are seven divisions in this section. First, is the introduction that explains on the major divisions covered in the section followed by the background of the study which justifies on the need to conduct the study in relation to students' reading interest at present. The next division describes the statement of the problem that leads to the reason why the study is carried out. Then, it highlights the significance of the study and scope of study. After that, the research objectives and research questions are specified clearly one after another. The final division summarizes the section.

5.3.1 Background of the Study

Reading is a very important factor in enriching one's knowledge and in widening one's perspective. However, the Malaysian reading scenario does not reflect an impressive reading culture as society seems to be greatly ambivalent about reading. Ganakumaran (2004) revealed that many Malaysians are 'struggling readers'. By this, he referred to those who have minimal confidence in their ability to read and minimal sense of themselves as readers. Meanwhile, struggling readers according to Vacca and Vacca (1999) are those students who are low achievers. They lack cognitive competencies which may include reading comprehension, study skills, word recognition and reading fluency. On the other hand, Wigfield, Eccles and Rodriguez (1998) believed that struggling readers are notably unmotivated. They are especially likely to have low confidence in their reading, which is termed self-efficacy in the research literature.

Reading becomes necessary only when the students need to sit for exams and get excellent grades. In fact, not many Malaysians are able to find reading exciting because they have had bad experiences with reading. One of the reasons has very much to do with the reading material itself. This is because they have not connected with texts that are pleasurable to read. Malachi (2002) also pointed out that students tend to perceive reading as laborious and tedious. Some of them get turned off from reading because they have difficulties coping with complex texts. They feel 'burdened' when they have to refer to the dictionary and guess the meanings of the words all the time through the process of reading. When the reading material is inappropriate as it is not at the students' level of competence or area of interest, they will find it difficult to connect and enjoy the text.