

FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE ACCEPTANCE AMONG GEN Y EXECUTIVES IN PETRONAS PROJECT DELIVERY AND TECHNOLOGY DIVISION

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BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION WITH HONOURS (INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS) FACULTY OF BUSINESS MANAGEMENT UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA "DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK"

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- This work has not previously been accepted in substance for any degree, locally or overseas and is not being concurrently submitted for this degree or any other degrees.
- This project-paper is the result of my independent work and investigation, except where otherwise stated.
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

TITLE PAGE	Ι
DECLARATION OF ORIGINAL WORK	II
LETTER OF SUBMISSION	III
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	IV
TABLE OF CONTENTS	V
LIST OF TABLES	IX
LIST OF FIGURES	IX
ABSTRACT	X
CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION	

1.1 Background of Study	1
1.2 Petroliam Nasional Berhad (PETRONAS)	4
1.3 Problem Statement	6
1.4 Research Objectives	9
1.5 Research Questions	9
1.6 Significance of Study	10
1.7 Definition of Key Terms	12
1.8 Organization of Remaining Chapters	13

CHAPTER 2 LITERATURE REVIEW

2.1 Introduction		14
2.2 Organizational Chance Acceptance		
	2.3 Variables Impacting Organizational Change	17
	Acceptance	
	2.3.1 Internal Locus of Control	18
	2.3.2 Self-Efficacy	19
	2.3.3 Quality of Information	21
	2.3.4 Employee Participation	23
	2.3.5 Organizational Support	25
	2.3.6 Threat Appraisal	27
	2.4 Proposed Theoretical Framework	29
	2.5 Hypothesis Development	30
	2.6 Summary	36

CHAPTER 3 RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

3.1 Introduction	37
3.2 Research Design	37
3.3 Sampling Design	39
3.4 Survey Instrument	40
3.5 Data Collection Method	41
3.6 Procedure for Data Analysis	42
3.6.1 Data Transformation	42

ABSTRACT

Change is apparent now days in organization as the economic situation and other factors often forces company to consistently change in order to remain robust in their business operation. However, IBM (2008) found that approximately 41% of change projects were considered successful in meeting its objectives within planned time despite budget and quality constraints, compared to the remaining 59% of change projects that fail to reach at least one objective or failed entirely. Change is often unsuccessful when employee, the most impacted members of the organization decided to resist the change. Resistance to change is the outcome of negative acceptance of employee that is often caused by the fear of the unknown. The purpose of this research to investigate on the factors that influence organizational change acceptance among Gen Y Executives in PETRONAS Project Delivery and Technology Division. This study investigate the association of the variables that contributes to the organizational change acceptance among Gen Y Executives in PETRONAS Project Delivery and Technology Division. The research utilize descriptive study to describe the relationships between two variables. The population of the research is 2,403 executives. The sample size is 331 executives. Data were gathered through electronic questionnaire that is distributed to 900 randomly selected executives via email. The response rate of the survey is 86.7% where 287 responses were received. Only 221 responses is used to conduct quantitative data analysis. The study found that the executives hold fairly neutral acceptance towards the change. Only quality of information, employee participation, organizational support and threat appraisal have significant influence on organizational acceptance among Gen Y Executives.