

UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

**TEACHING EFFECTIVENESS AND COURSE
CONTENT SUITABILITY – A SURVEY AMONG KPLI
ENGLISH LANGUAGE TRAINEES AT THE KUALA
TERENGGANU TEACHER TRAINING COLLEGE**

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Thesis submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements

for the degree of

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Candidate's Declaration

I declare that the work in this thesis was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the result of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any other degree or qualification.

In the event that my thesis was found to violate the conditions mentioned above, I voluntarily waive the right of conferment of my degree and agree to be subjected to the disciplinary rules and regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA.

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ABSTRACT

Using a sample of 102 trainee teachers from the Kuala Terengganu Teacher Training College, this study investigated the teaching effectiveness and the course content suitability pertaining to the KPLI English language program. As defined in Chapter 1, KPLI refers to a one-year postgraduate diploma in education course meant to train basic degree holders for the teaching career. The sample is randomly drawn from amongst those who are being trained to become English language teachers in Malaysian schools. The sample will be used to evaluate teaching effectiveness and course content suitability. In this study, the teaching effectiveness and course content suitability is considered adequate if its total score exceeds the midpoint value. Teaching effectiveness obtained a total mean score of 53.7 and the midpoint value was only 37.5. The total mean score obtained for course content suitability is nearly 60 while the midpoint value is 42.5. Thus in this study the teaching effectiveness and the course content suitability are largely considered adequate but the individual scores for variety of teaching aids and lecturer availability outside classroom hours was not very high. This implies that the relevant authorities need to give further thought to these areas. The study also found a strong positive correlation, ($r = .699$, $p < 0.05$) between teaching effectiveness and course content suitability indicating the mutual dependence of the two variables. A t-test was carried out to find out if the English majors and non-English majors scored differently for teaching effectiveness. A significant difference was found between the scores of the two groups implying that lecturers have to customize the pedagogy according to the background and option of the student. The sample was also divided into two age groups, 22 – 26 years and 27 – 35 years. T-testing was also carried out to determine if this two age groups scored differently for teaching effectiveness and it was found that there was no significant difference between this two groups pertaining to the score for teaching effectiveness showing that the age is independent of the pedagogy used by the lecturers.

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