UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MARA

ANXIETY IN PUBLIC SPEAKING AND ITS CONTRIBUTING FACTORS:
THE CASE OF AMERICAN DEGREE FOUNDATION PROGRAM STUDENTS IN UiTM

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M.Ed (TESL)

June 2012
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Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of

Master of Education

Faculty of Education

June 2012
AUTHOR'S DECLARATION

I declare that the work in this dissertation was carried out in accordance with the regulations of Universiti Teknologi MARA. It is original and is the result of my own work, unless otherwise indicated or acknowledged as referenced work. This thesis has not been submitted to any other academic institution or non-academic institution for any degree or qualification.

I, hereby, acknowledge that I have been supplied with the Academic Rules and Regulations for Post Graduate, Universiti Teknologi MARA, regulating the conduct of my study and research.

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Date : June 2012
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

“In the name of God, the Most Gracious and Most Merciful”

It would not have been possible to write this dissertation project without the help and support of the kind people around me, to only some of whom it is possible to give particular mention here.

Above all, I would like to thank my dearest mom, Jamilah Omar for her personal and relentless support besides her great patience at all times. My sister, brother and two little nephews have given me their unequivocal support throughout, as always, for which my mere expression of thanks likewise does not suffice.

This dissertation would not have been possible without the help, support and patience of my supervisor; Dr Jamiah Baba. Therefore, I would like to express my gratitude for her guidance, and constructive comments. I would also like to thank all the lecturers for their assistance and their moral support throughout the process of finalizing this project. I would also like to express my gratitude to my friends who had been supporting my journey in pursuing this degree. Where ever you are; Malaysia or America, when you read this you know who you are. Last but not the least, for any errors or inadequacies that may remain in this work, of course, the responsibility is entirely my own.
ABSTRACT

The issue of lack of proficiency in speaking has been discussed widely in our country especially when it involves the future graduates. The fact that anxiety in speaking is ranked as one of the most feared activities to be done, has led to issues of employability since it is difficult to master this particular skill. Therefore, this study intended to examine the level of anxiety in public speaking and its contributing factors among the American Degree Foundation Program (ADFP) Students in Universiti Teknologi MARA. It also sought to identify the relationship between the factors that contribute to anxiety by Horwitz (1986); which are communication apprehension (CA), test anxiety (TA) and fear of negative evaluation (NE) on the level of anxiety noted by McCroskey (1970). In addition, the study also intended to identify several coping strategies to address anxiety in speaking. A sample of 210 ADFP students participated in this study. This study depended solely on quantitative method in gathering and analyzing the data where 3 sets of questionnaire were administered and all were adapted and amended to cater with the sociocultural and academic needs of the respondents. The study showed that most of the students possessed low level of anxiety in public speaking. The students experienced greater fear in terms of making mistakes when speaking which falls into the first factor which is communication apprehension out of the three factors (CA, TA and NE) identified that has contributed to anxiety in public speaking. It was also found that the levels of anxiety in public speaking and factors that contribute to it were statistically not related. Finally, teacher’s role was found to be the most effective in overcoming speaking anxiety. Thus several recommendations and implication were drawn based on the findings.